



UNIVERSITY OF
COPENHAGEN

QOT CENTRE FOR
QUANTUM OPTICAL
TECHNOLOGIES



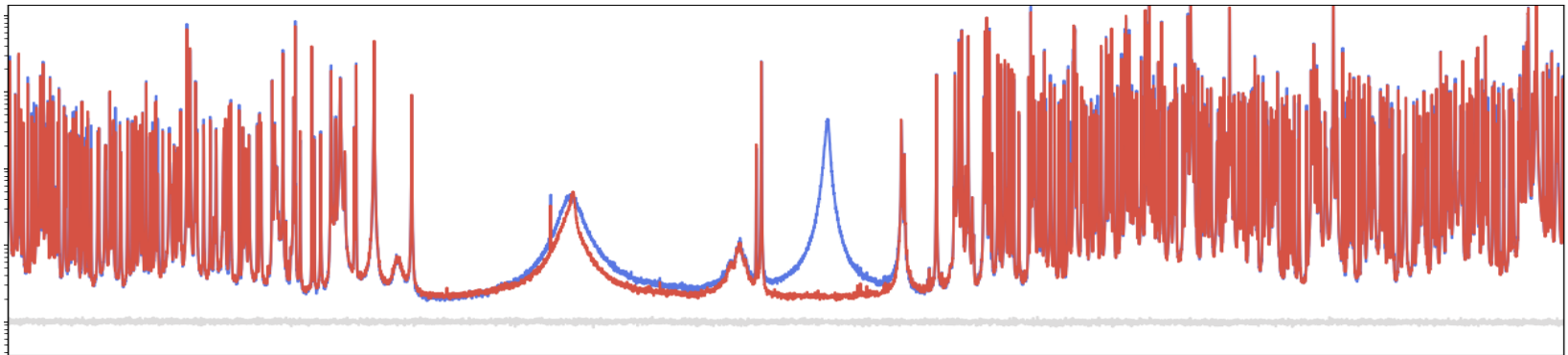
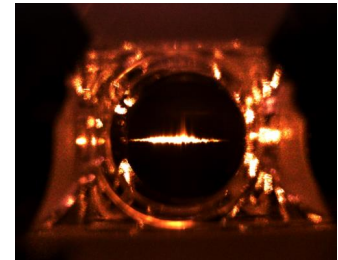
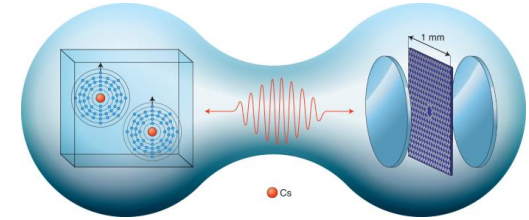
CeNT

Pushing the boundaries of entanglement with light, atoms and optomechanics

Michał Parniak

Centre for Quantum Optical Technologies QOT, University
of Warsaw

QUANTOP, Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen



Wojanów, September 7, 2022

Quantum measurements of motion with light

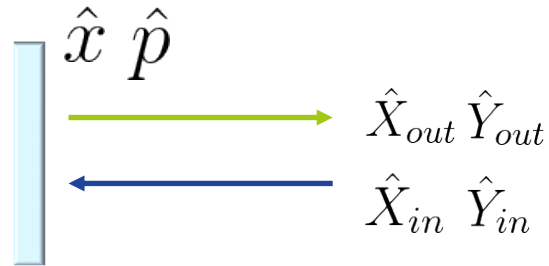
Motion

$$\frac{d}{dt}\hat{x} = \frac{\hat{p}}{m}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}\hat{p} = \hat{f} \quad \hat{f} = \hat{f}_{th} + \hat{f}_{rp}$$

$$i\Omega\tilde{x} = \frac{1}{m} \frac{\tilde{f}}{i\Omega}$$

$$\tilde{x} = \chi(\Omega)\tilde{f}$$

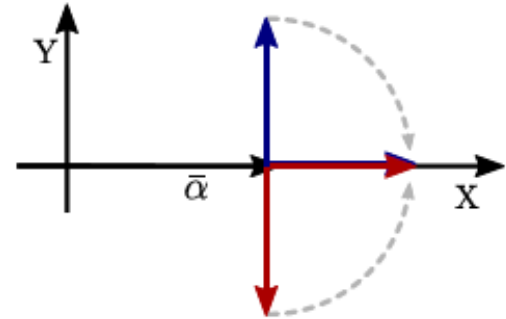


$$\hat{f}_{rp} \propto \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} = (\alpha + \delta \hat{a}^\dagger)(\alpha + \delta \hat{a}) = |\alpha|^2 + \alpha \hat{X}$$

$$\hat{Y}_{out} = \hat{Y}_{in} + \alpha \chi(\Omega) \hat{f}_{th} + \chi(\Omega) \alpha (\alpha \hat{X}_{in})$$

$$\hat{x}_{est} = \hat{Y}_{in} / \alpha + \chi(\Omega) \hat{f}_{th} + \chi(\Omega) \alpha \hat{X}_{in}$$

Light



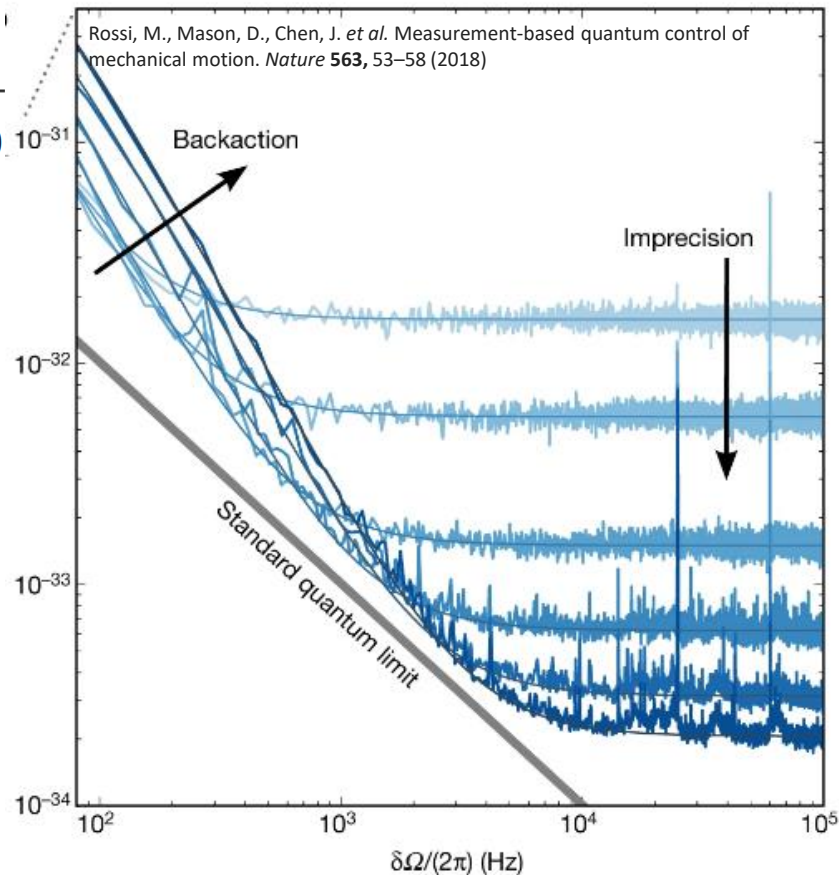
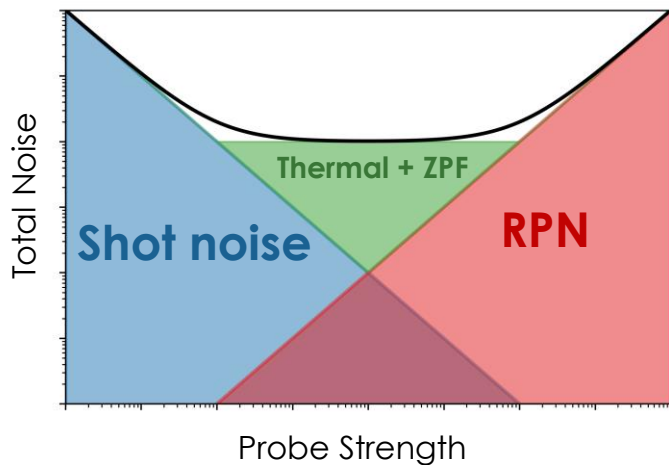
$$X + iY = \alpha e^{i\varphi} = \alpha(1 + i\varphi)$$

$$\varphi \propto \hat{x} / \lambda$$

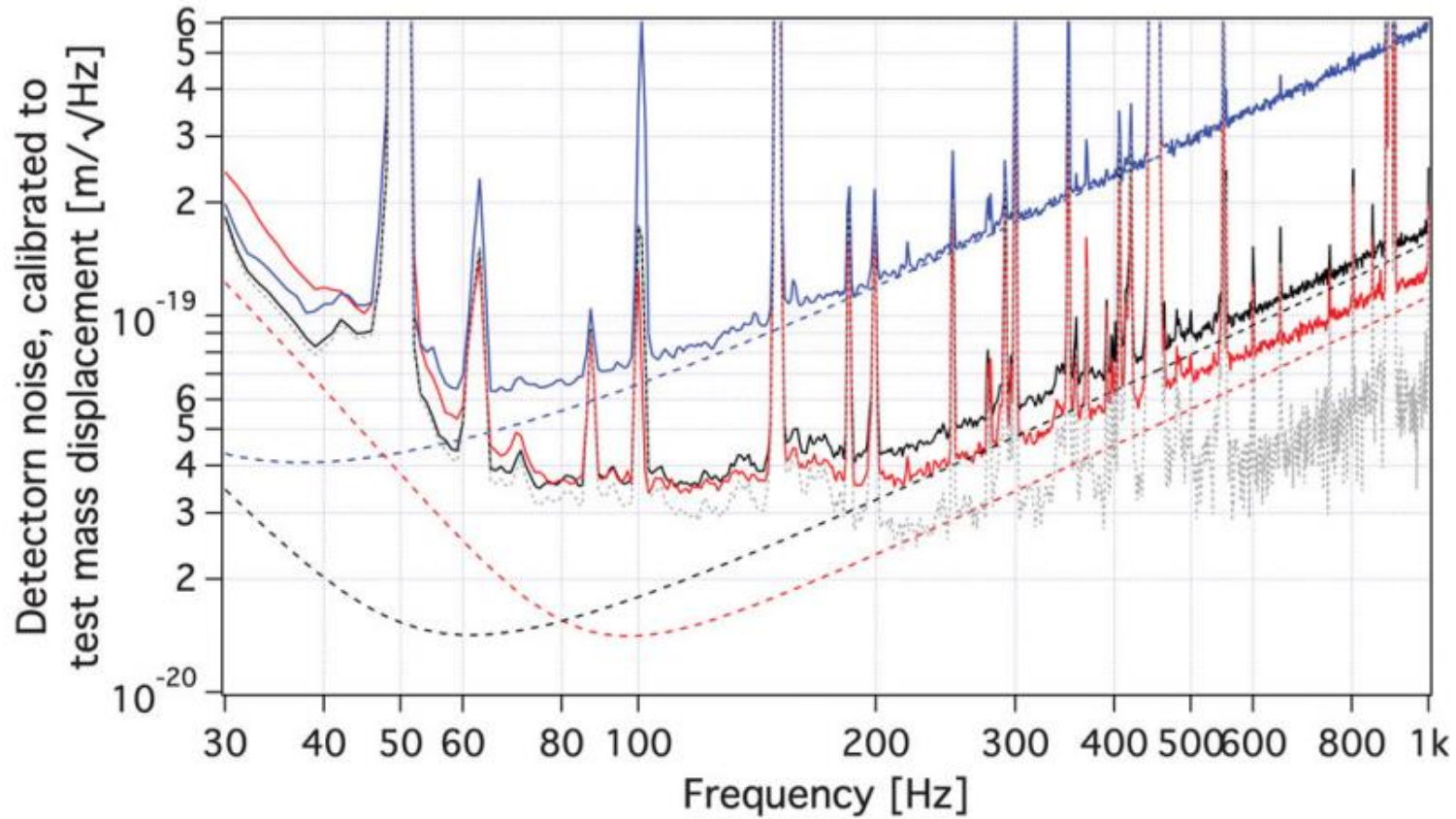
$$\delta \hat{Y} \propto \alpha \hat{x}$$

Back-action and standard quantum limit

$$S_{\text{tot}}^x = S_{\text{sh}}^x + S_{\text{rp}}^x = \frac{\hbar c^2}{I_0 \omega_0}$$



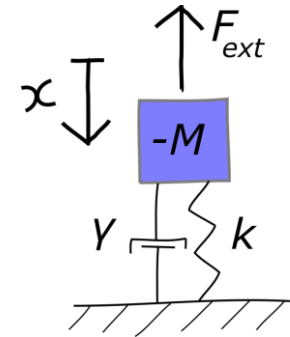
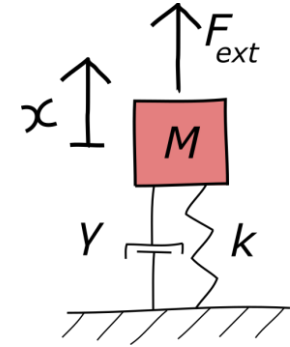
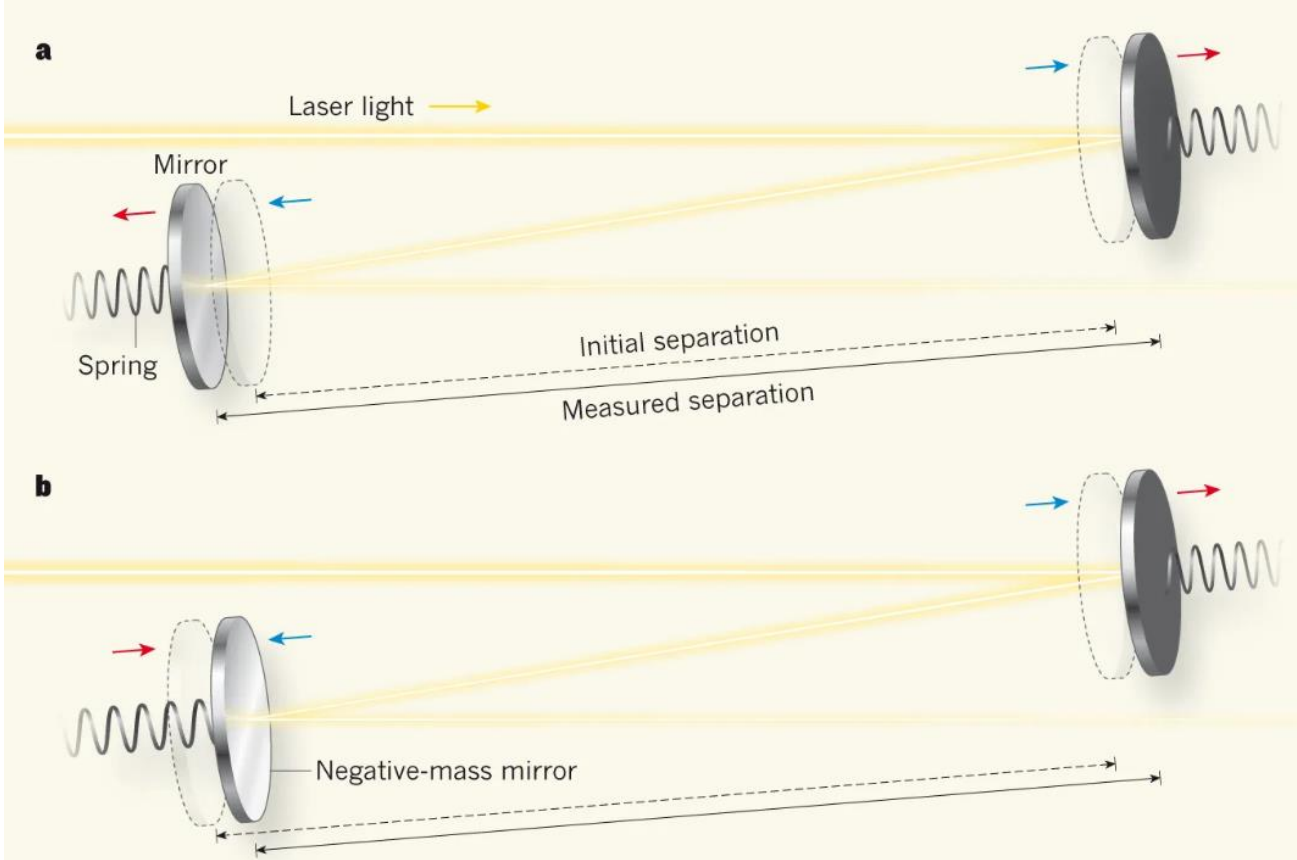
Back-action and shot-noise in GW detector



M. Tse et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **123**, 231107 (2019)

Virgo Collaboration, Phys. Rev. Lett. **125**, 131101 (2020)

BA evasion in a negative mass reference frame



From Baker, C., Bowen, W., „Sensing past the quantum limit”, Nature 547, 164–165 (2017) (News and Views article on C. Møller et al., Nature 547, 191–195 (2017))

Evading back action

Negative mass

$$\hat{Y}_{out} = \hat{Y}_{in} + \alpha\chi(\Omega)\hat{f}_{th} + \boxed{\chi(\Omega)\alpha^2\hat{X}_{in}} + \alpha\chi'(\Omega)\hat{f}'_{th} + \boxed{\chi'(\Omega)\alpha^2\hat{X}_{in}}$$

Back action cancellation for

$$\chi(\Omega) = -\chi'(\Omega)$$

Quantum correlations

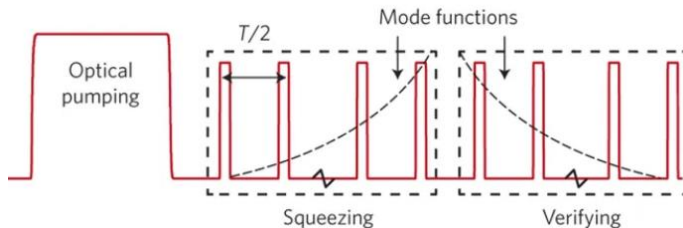
$$\bar{S}_{xx}^{add}(\Omega) = \bar{S}_{xx}^{imp} + |\chi_m(\Omega)|^2 \bar{S}_{FF}^{qba}(\Omega) + \boxed{2\text{Re}[\chi_m(\Omega)^* \bar{S}_{xF}(\Omega)]}$$

C. B. Møller et al., Nature 547, 191–195 (2017)

W. Wasilewski et al., Phys. Rev. Lett., 104, 133601 (2010)

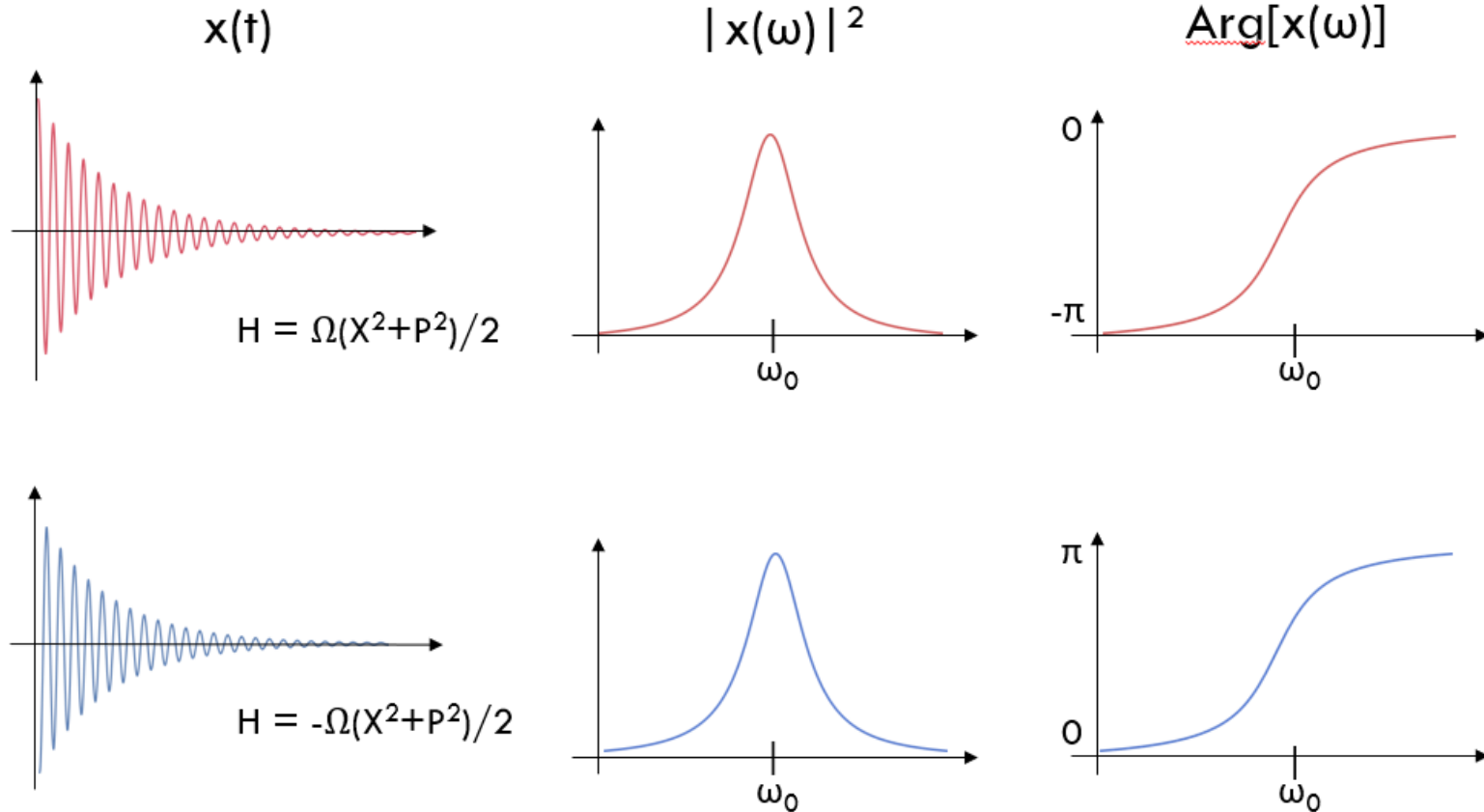
D. Mason et al., Nature Physics 15, 745–749 (2019)

Stroboscopic measurements

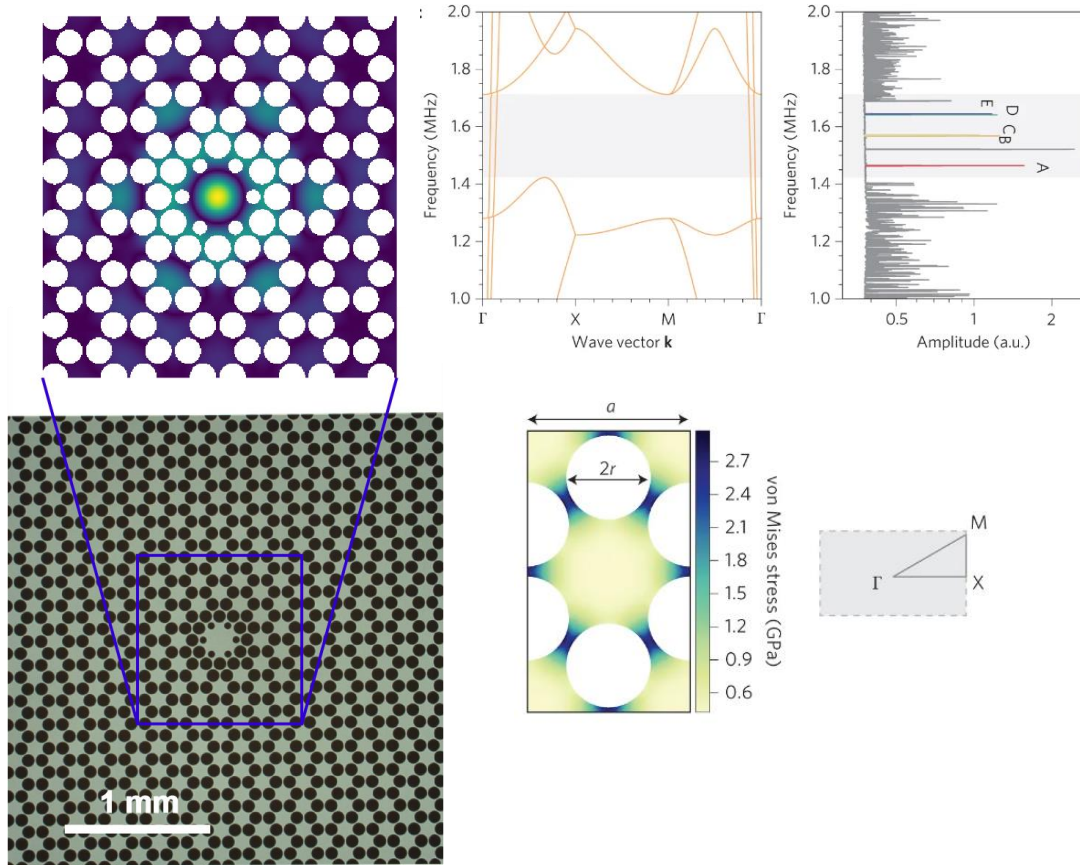


G. Vasilakis et al. Nature Physics 11, 389–392 (2015)

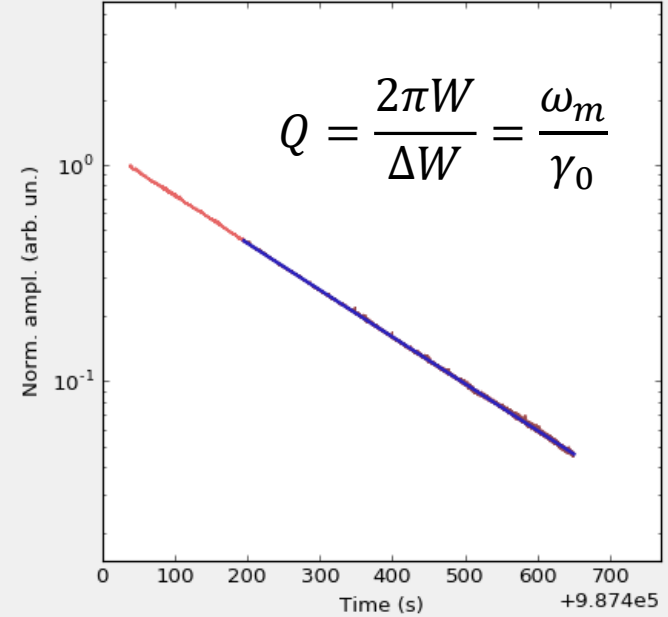
Negative mass susceptibility



Nanomechanics

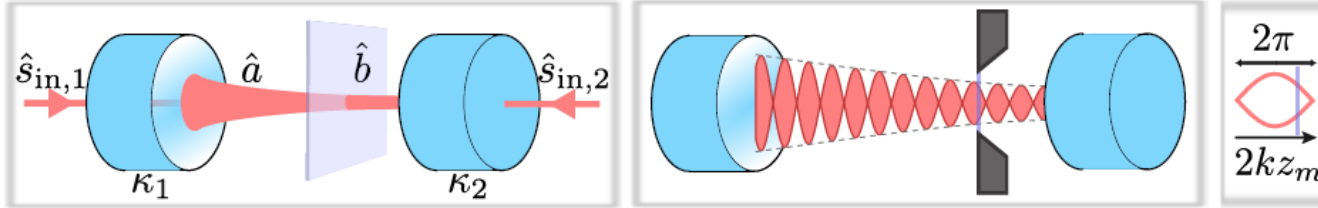


Mech. freq.: 1.370 MHz
 Fitted ringdown (1/e) time: 200515 ms. Q: 863.32M



$$Q = \frac{2\pi W}{\Delta W} = \frac{\omega_m}{\gamma_0}$$

Cavity Optomechanics



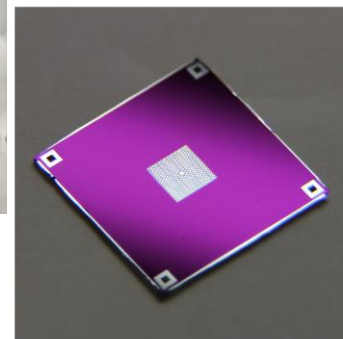
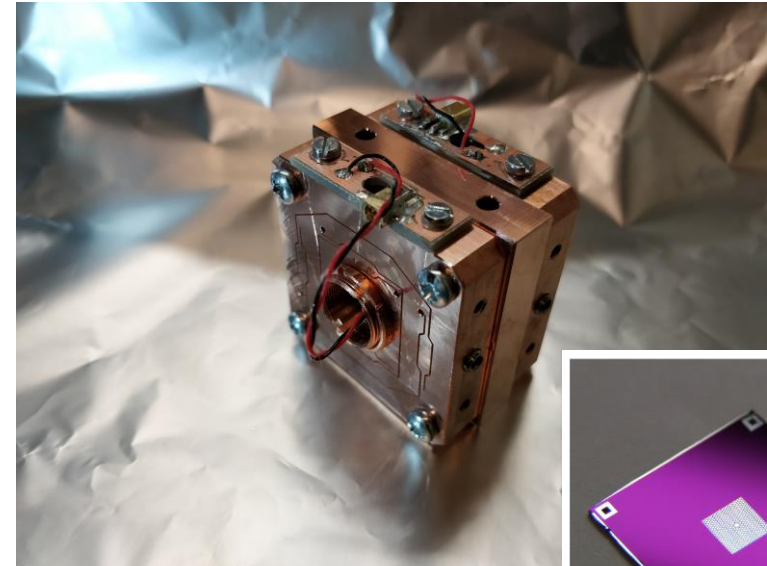
$$\hat{\mathcal{H}} = \hbar\omega_c(\hat{n} + 1/2)$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{H}} = \hbar \left(\omega_c(0) + \left. \frac{d\omega_c}{dq} \right|_{q=0} q \right) (\hat{n} + 1/2)$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{H}}_{\text{int}} = \sqrt{2} \hbar g_0 \hat{Q} \hat{n},$$

$$g_0 \equiv G x_{\text{zpf}}.$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{H}}_{\text{int}} \propto \hbar g \delta \hat{X} \delta \hat{Q}$$



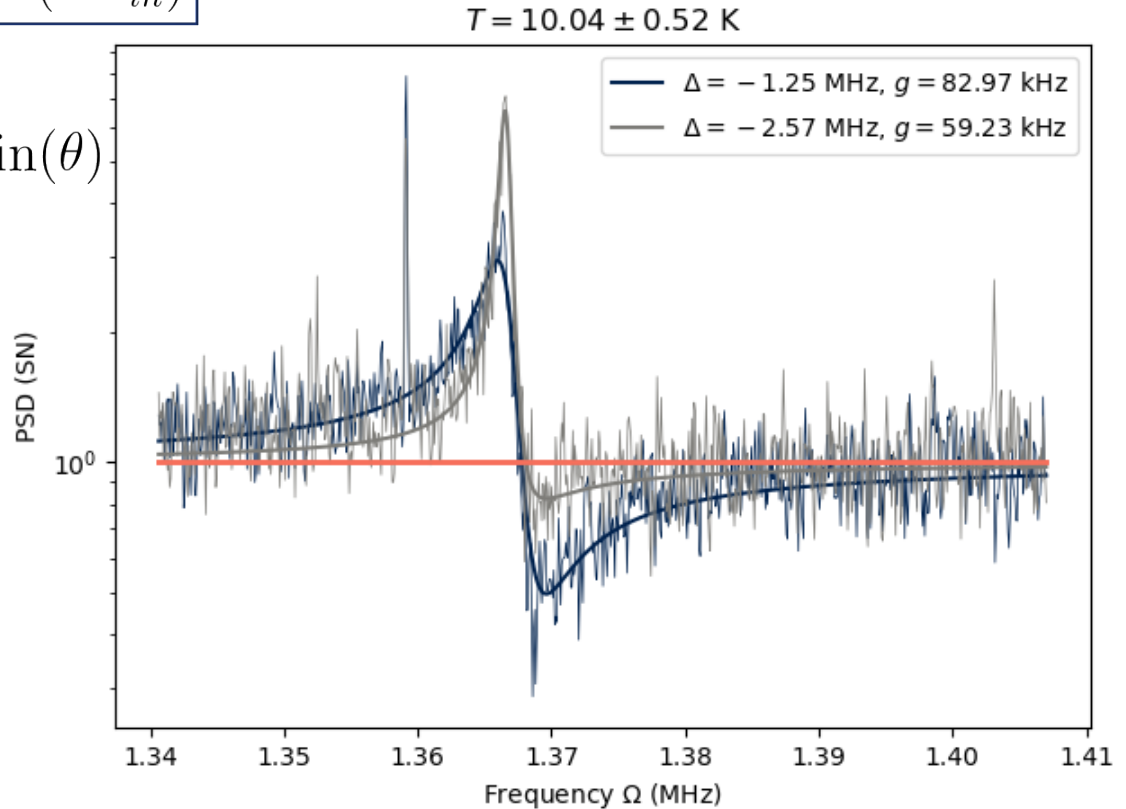
Ponderomotive squeezing

$$\hat{Y}_{out} = \hat{Y}_{in} + \alpha\chi(\Omega)\hat{f}_{th} + \chi(\Omega)\alpha(\alpha\hat{X}_{in})$$

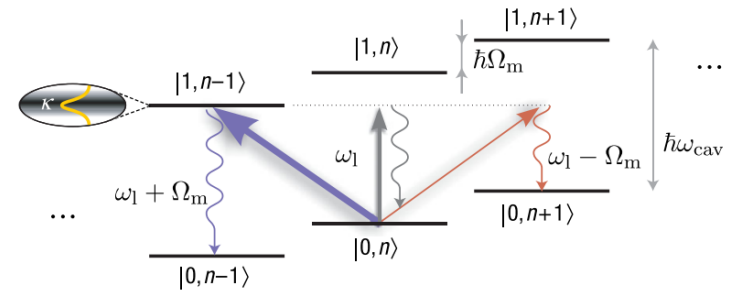
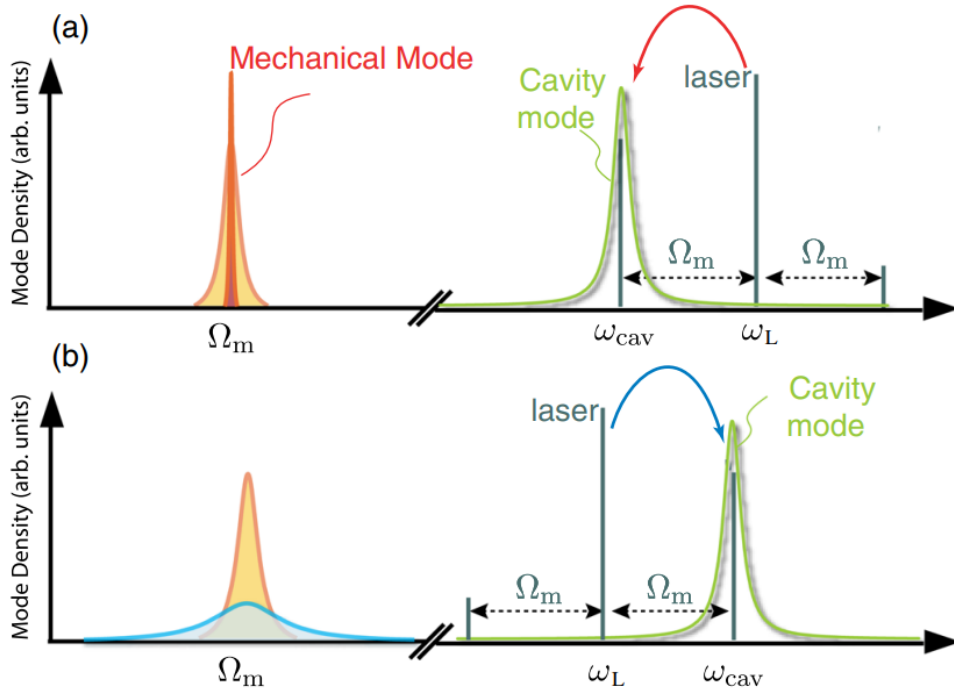
$$\hat{X}_{out} = \hat{X}_{in}$$

$$\hat{X}_{meas} = \hat{X}_{out} \cos(\theta) + \hat{Y}_{out} \sin(\theta)$$

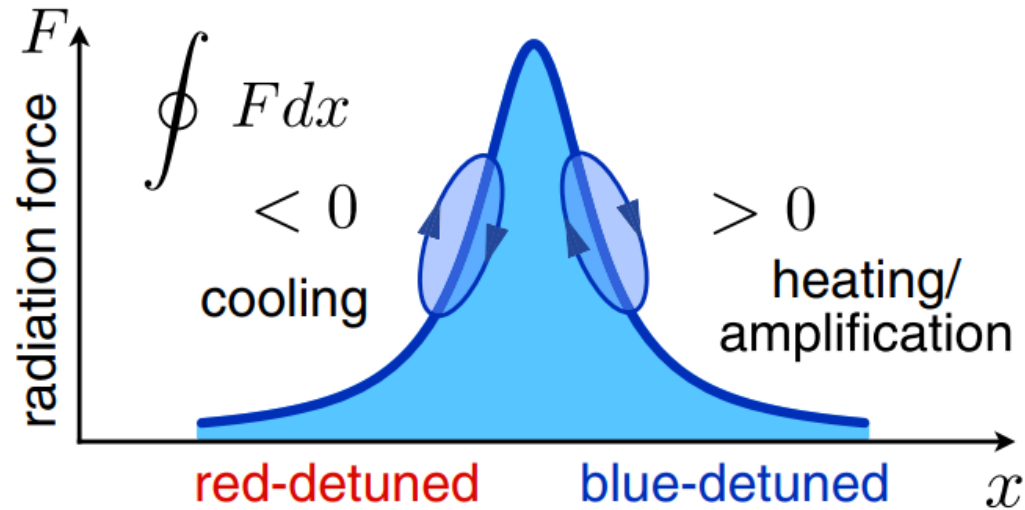
Easily 4-5 dB of squeezing,
limited by detection and
outcoupling loss



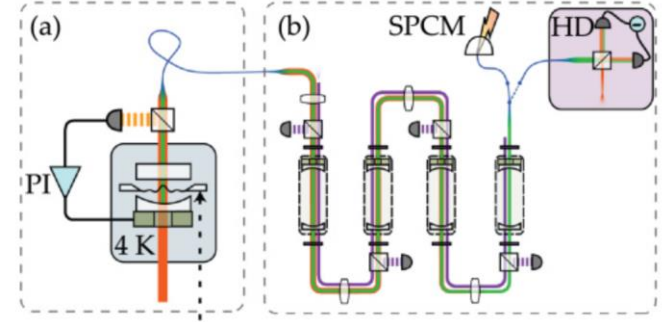
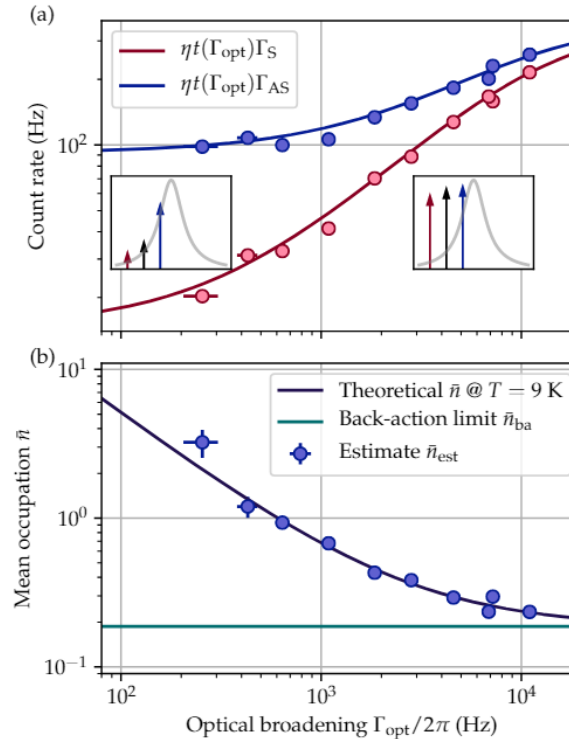
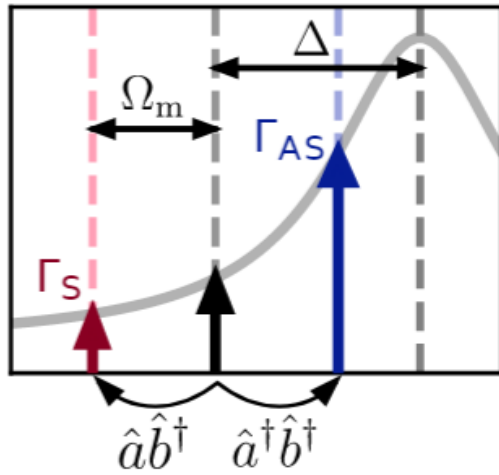
Sideband cooling



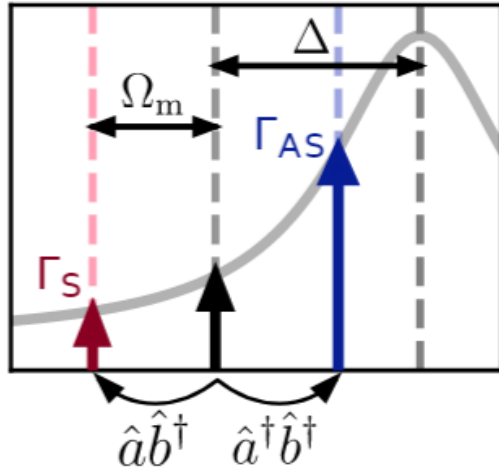
Classical picture of cooling



Our experiment



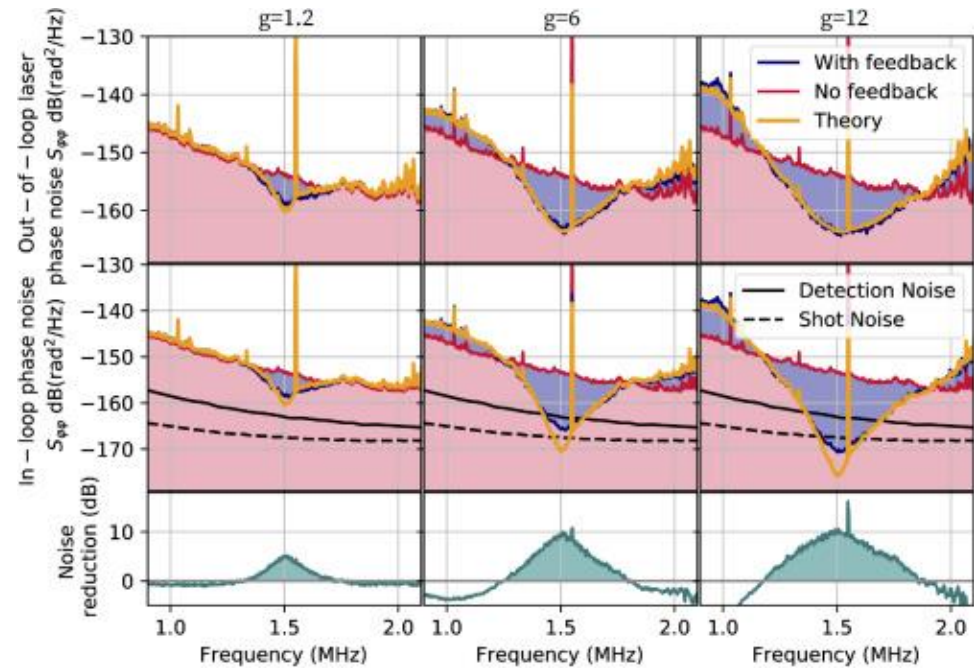
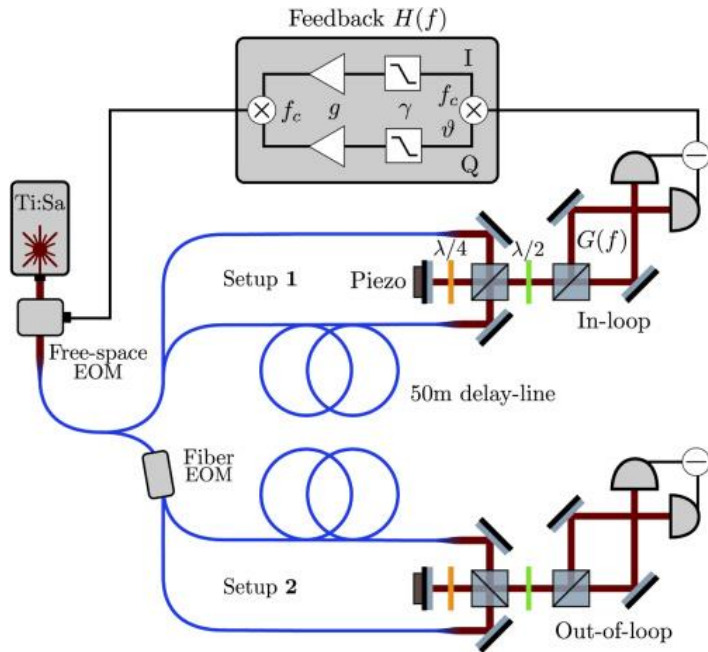
Sideband thermometry with cooling beam



$$\bar{n}_{\text{est}} = \frac{RA_+}{A_- - RA_+}$$

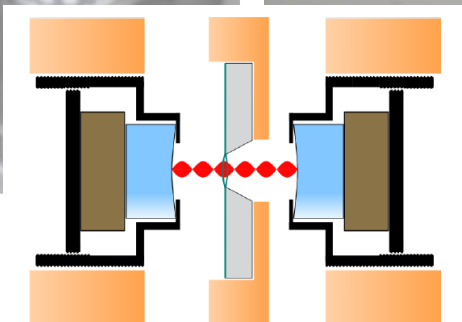
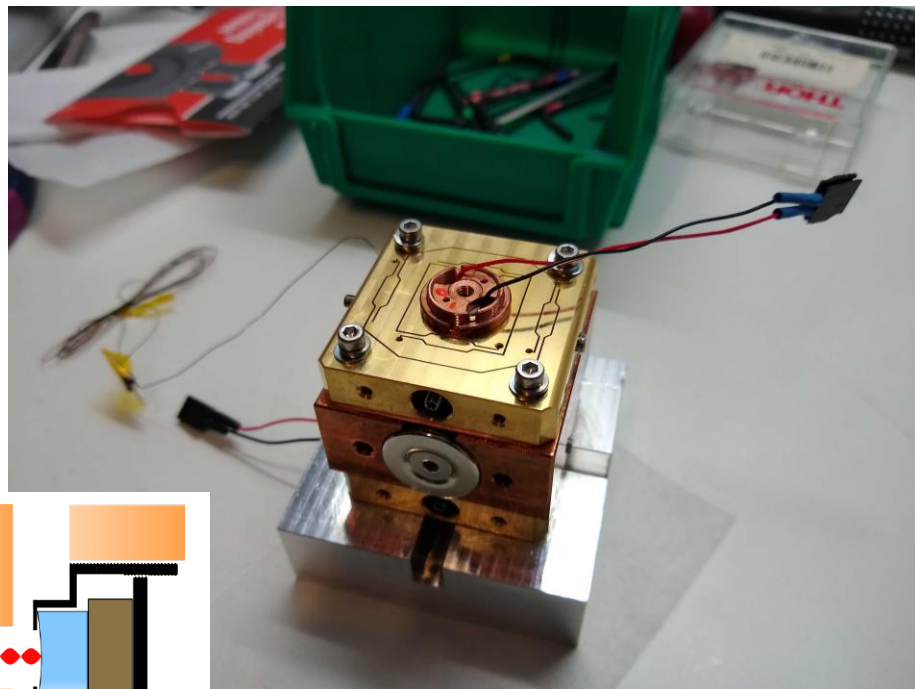
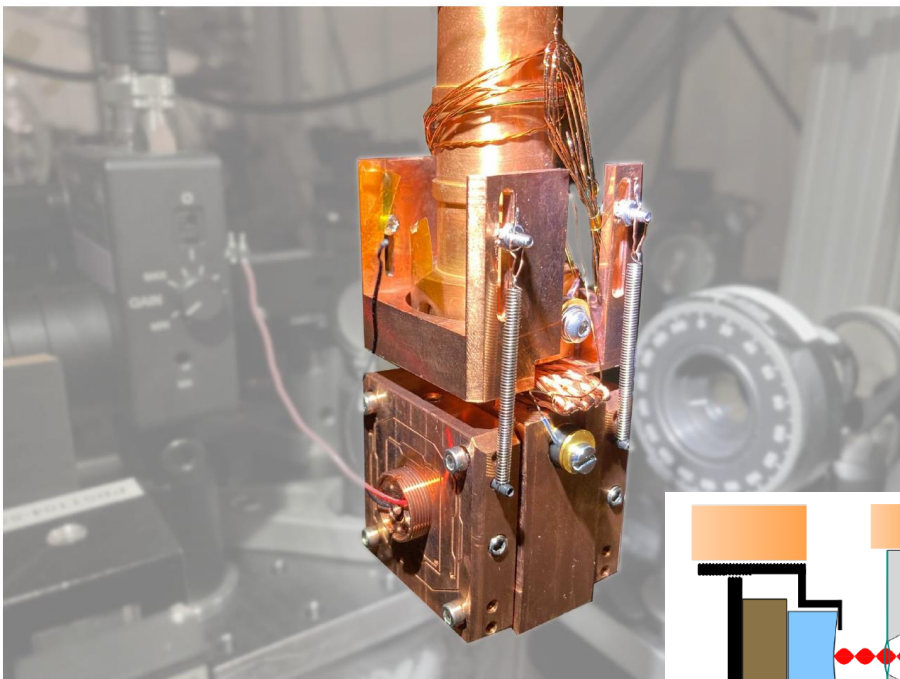
$$= \frac{R((\Delta + \Omega_m)^2 + \kappa^2/4)}{((\Delta - \Omega_m)^2 + \kappa^2/4) - R((\Delta + \Omega_m)^2 + \kappa^2/4)}$$

Even colder – removing laser noise



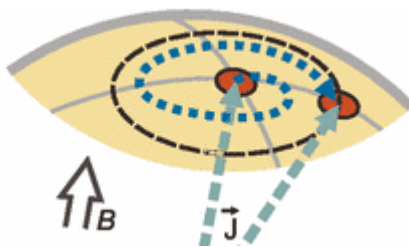
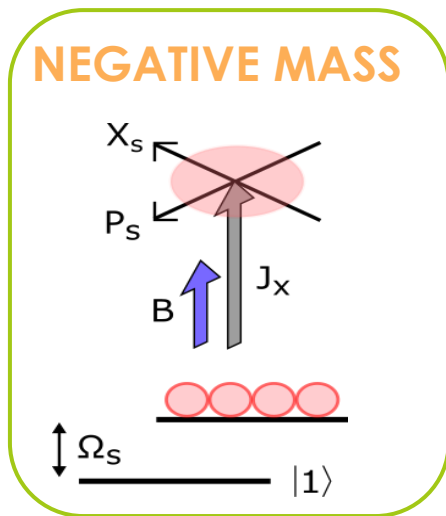
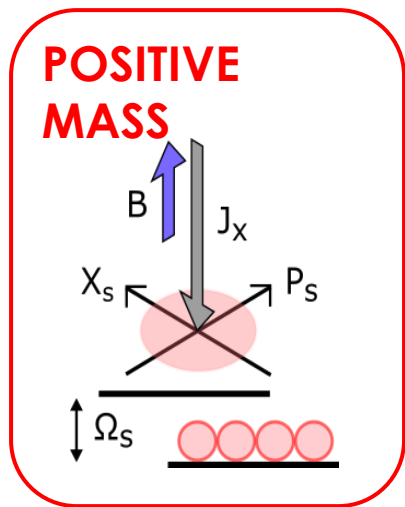
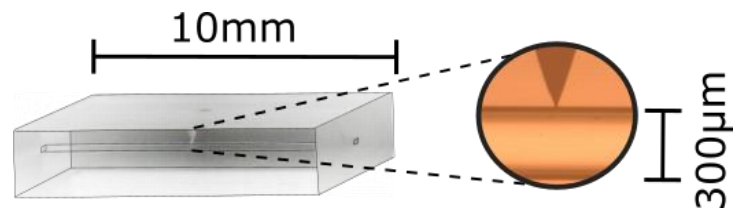
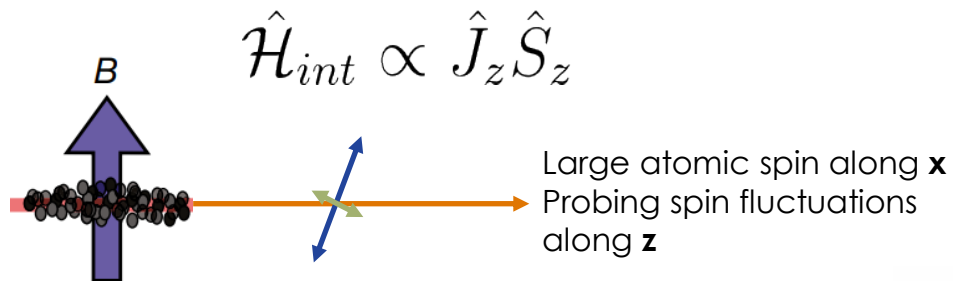
$$\bar{n} \approx \sqrt{\frac{\bar{n}_{\text{th}} \Gamma_m}{g_0^2} \Omega_m^2 \bar{S}_{\varphi\varphi}(\Omega_m)}$$

Even deeper in the ground state?



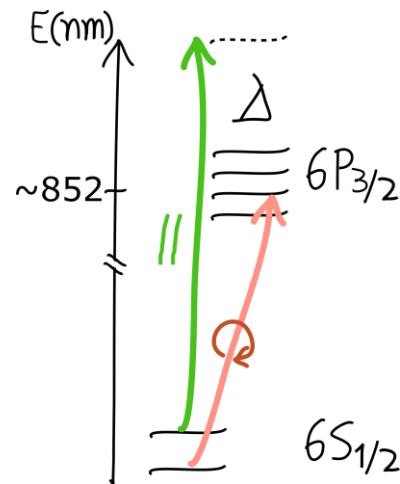
Spin oscillator

Paramagnetic Faraday rotation coupling



$$\hat{X} = \hat{J}_z / \sqrt{|J_x|}$$

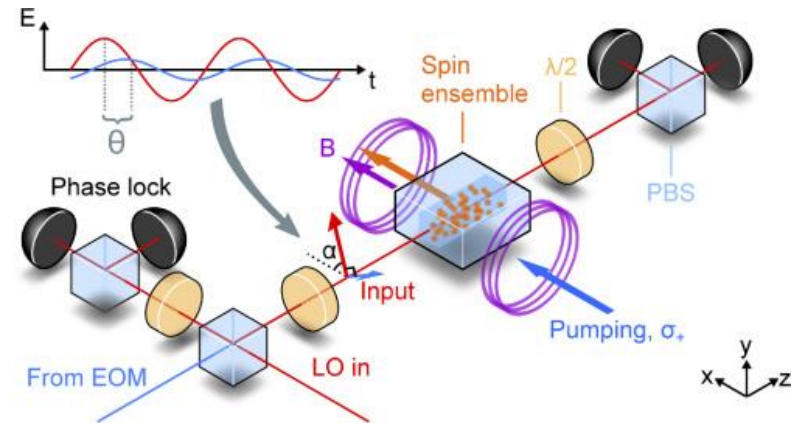
$$\hat{P} = \hat{J}_y / \sqrt{|J_x|}$$



Setup and interaction

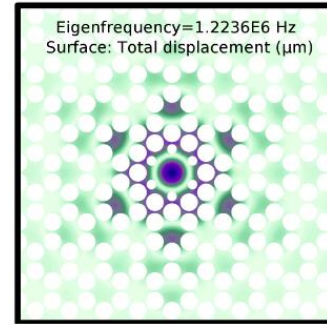
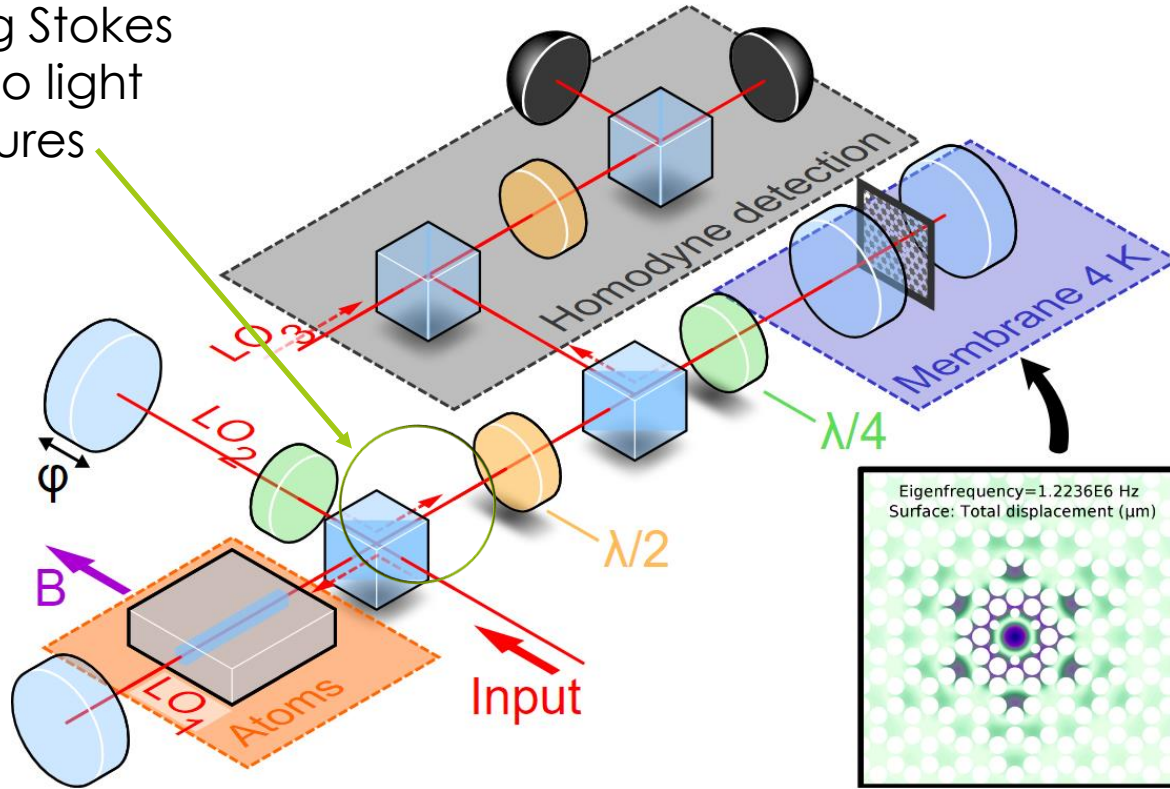
$$\hat{H}_s^{(i)} / \hbar = \pm \omega_s \hat{F}_x^{(i)} + g_s \left[a_0 \hat{S}_0 + a_1 \hat{S}_z \hat{F}_z^{(i)} + 2a_2 \left[\hat{S}_0 (\hat{F}_z^{(i)})^2 - \hat{S}_x ((\hat{F}_x^{(i)})^2 - (\hat{F}_y^{(i)})^2) - \hat{S}_y (\hat{F}_x^{(i)} \hat{F}_y^{(i)} + \hat{F}_y^{(i)} \hat{F}_x^{(i)}) \right] \right],$$

$$\hat{H}_s / \hbar = \mp \frac{\omega_s}{2} (\hat{X}_s^2 + \hat{P}_s^2) - 2\sqrt{\Gamma_s} (\hat{X}_s \hat{X}_L + \zeta_s \hat{P}_s \hat{P}_L).$$

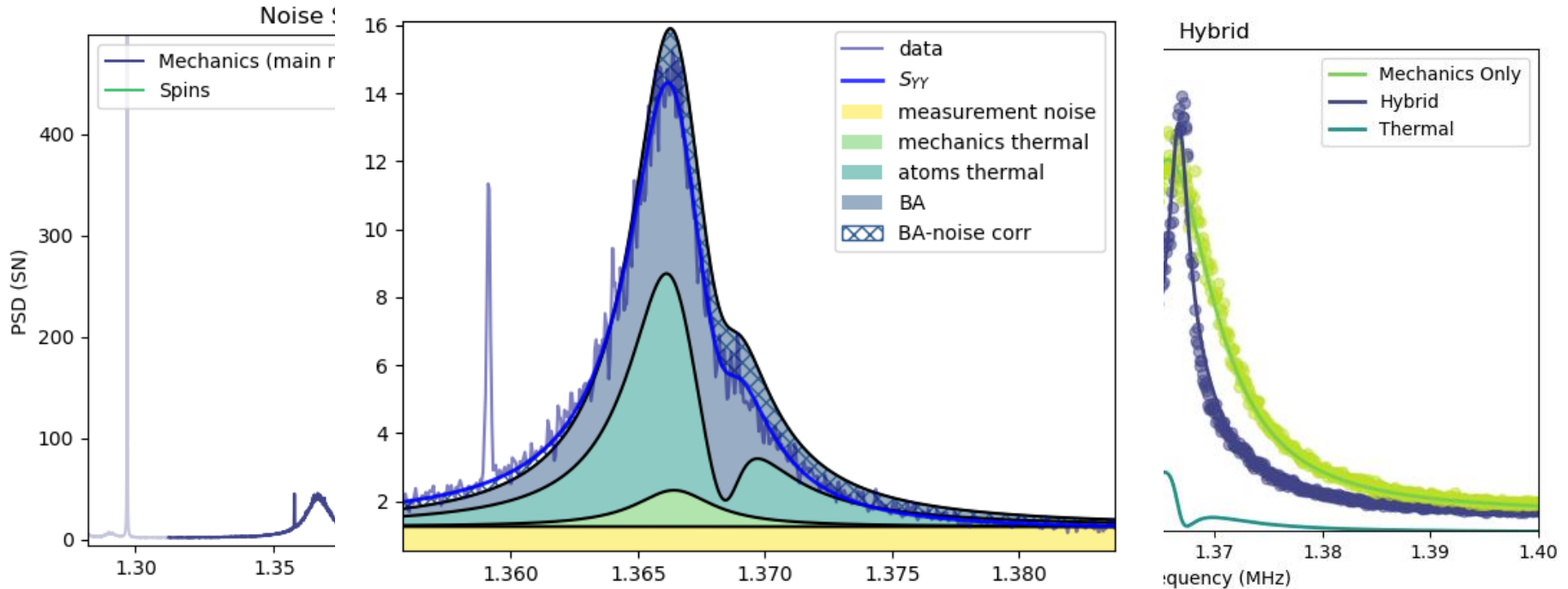


Hybrid setup

Mapping Stokes vectors to light quadratures



Quantum back-action evasion



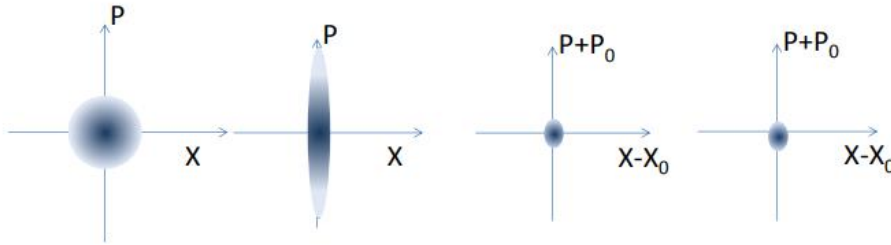
Trajectory in the negative-mass reference frame

Free mass

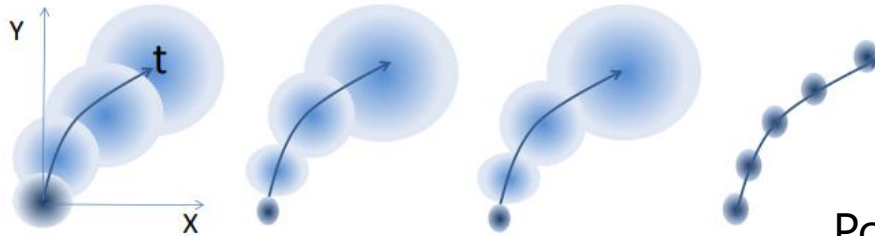
$$(X - X_0)(dt) = (X - X_0)(0) + (\dot{X} - \dot{X}_0)dt = (X - X_0)(0) + (P \mp P_0)/mdt$$

Harmonic Oscillator

$$X(t) - X_0(t) = (X(0) - X_0(0)) \cos(\omega t) + (P(0) \mp P_0(0)) \sin(\omega t)$$



$$[X - X_0, P + P_0] = 0$$



Polzik&Hammerer, Ann. Phys. 527, A15 (2015)

Conditional entanglement scheme

$$\hat{P}_L^{\text{out}} = \alpha \hat{X}_M + \beta \hat{X}_S + \hat{P}_L^{\text{in}},$$

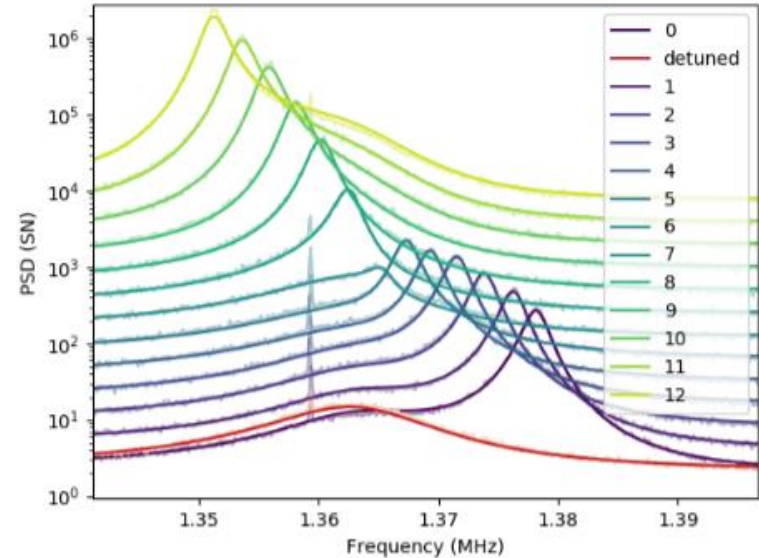
$$\hat{p}_L^{\text{out}} = \text{Re}(\alpha) \hat{x}_M - \text{Im}(\alpha) \hat{p}_M + \text{Re}(\beta) \hat{x}_S \mp \text{Im}(\beta) \hat{p}_S + \hat{p}_L^{\text{in}}$$

$$-\hat{x}_L^{\text{out}} = \text{Im}(\alpha) \hat{x}_M + \text{Re}(\alpha) \hat{p}_M + \text{Im}(\beta) \hat{x}_S \pm \text{Re}(\beta) \hat{p}_S - \hat{x}_L^{\text{in}}$$

$$\hat{x}_{\text{EPR}} = \frac{\sqrt{\Gamma_m} \hat{x}_m + \sqrt{\Gamma_s} \hat{x}_s}{\sqrt{(\Gamma_m + \Gamma_s)/2}}$$

$$\hat{p}_{\text{EPR}} = \frac{\sqrt{\Gamma_m} \hat{p}_m - \sqrt{\Gamma_s} \hat{p}_s}{\sqrt{(\Gamma_m + \Gamma_s)/2}}$$

$$\text{var}(\hat{x}_{\text{EPR}}) = \frac{\Gamma_m \overbrace{\text{var}(\hat{x}_m)}^{1/2} + \Gamma_s \overbrace{\text{var}(\hat{x}_s)}^{1/2}}{\Gamma_{\text{EPR}}} = 1$$



Wiener filtering

$$\hat{y} = \hat{x} + \hat{n}.$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} C_{yy}(t_0) & C_{yy}(t_1) & C_{yy}(t_2) & \cdots & C_{yy}(t_N) \\ C_{yy}(t_1) & C_{yy}(t_0) & C_{yy}(t_1) & \cdots & C_{yy}(t_{N-1}) \\ C_{yy}(t_2) & C_{yy}(t_1) & C_{yy}(t_0) & \cdots & C_{yy}(t_{N-2}) \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ C_{yy}(t_N) & C_{yy}(t_{N-1}) & C_{yy}(t_{N-2}) & \cdots & C_{yy}(t_{N-1}) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} K(t_0) \\ K(t_1) \\ K(t_2) \\ \vdots \\ K(t_N) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} C_{xy}(t_0) \\ C_{xy}(t_1) \\ C_{xy}(t_2) \\ \vdots \\ C_{xy}(t_N) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x}(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t K(t-t')$$

$$\hat{x}(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t dt' K(t-t') \vec{x}(t')$$

$$\langle \hat{R}(t) \hat{y}(t') + \hat{y}(t') \hat{R}(t) \rangle$$

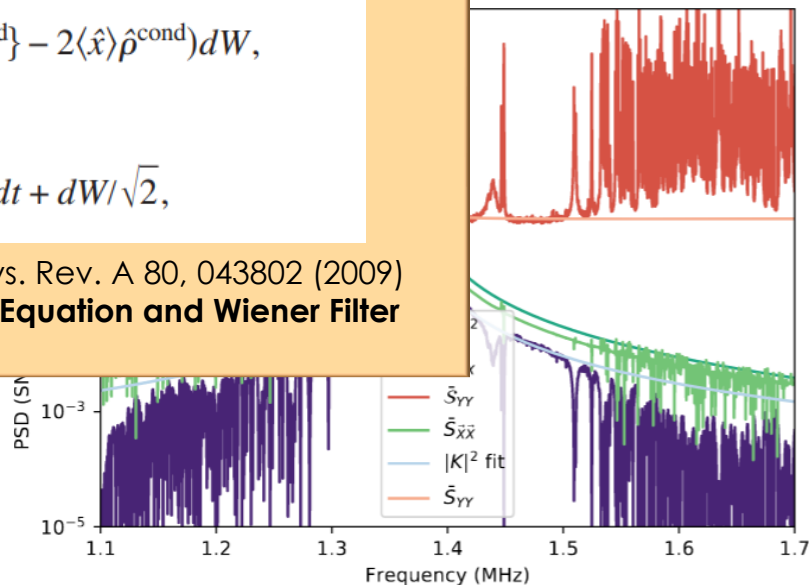
$$C_{xy}(t) = \int_0^\infty dt' K(t-t')$$

$$V_c = \langle \hat{R}(0)^2 \rangle = \underbrace{\langle \hat{x}(0)^2 \rangle}_{V_u} - \langle \hat{x}(0)^2 \rangle$$

$$d\hat{\rho}^{\text{cond}} = -\frac{i}{\hbar} [H_{\text{sys}}, \hat{\rho}^{\text{cond}}] dt - \frac{\alpha^2}{4\hbar^2} [\hat{x}, [\hat{x}, \hat{\rho}^{\text{cond}}]] dt + \frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{2}\hbar} (\{\hat{x}, \hat{\rho}^{\text{cond}}\} - 2\langle \hat{x} \rangle \hat{\rho}^{\text{cond}}) dW,$$

$$d\hat{y} = \frac{\alpha}{\hbar} \langle \hat{x} \rangle dt + dW/\sqrt{2},$$

H. Muller-Ebhart et al., Phys. Rev. A 80, 043802 (2009)
Linking Stochastic Master Equation and Wiener Filter

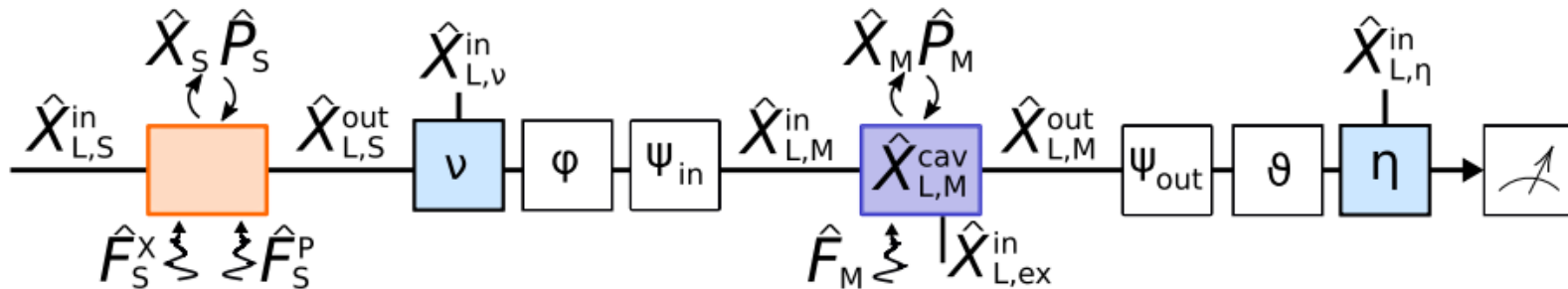


Full quantum noise spectra

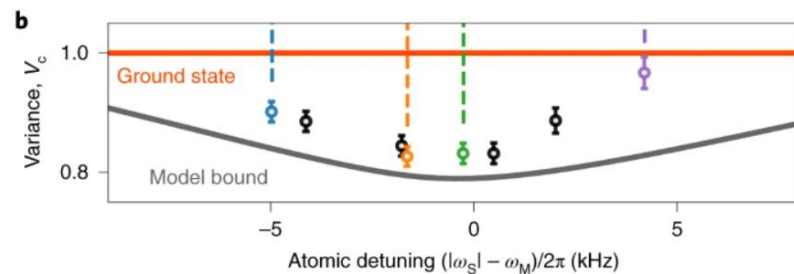
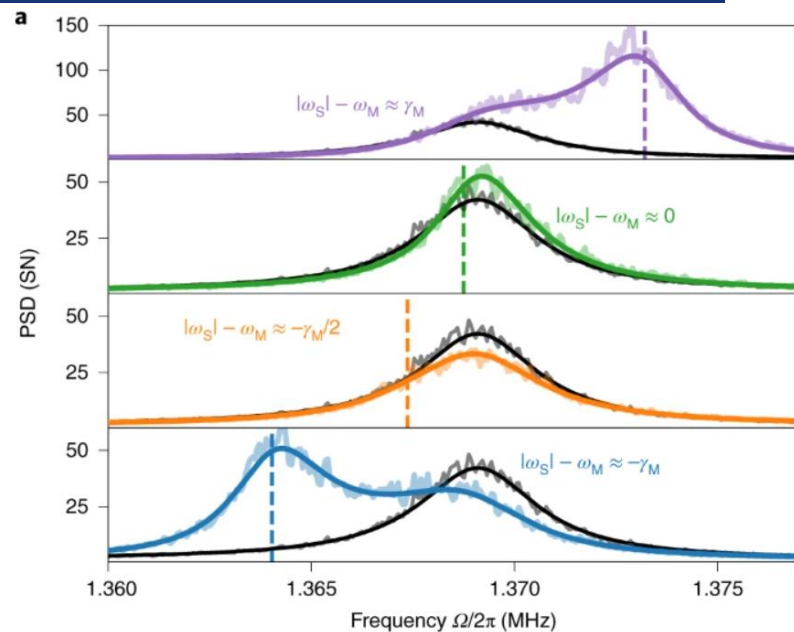
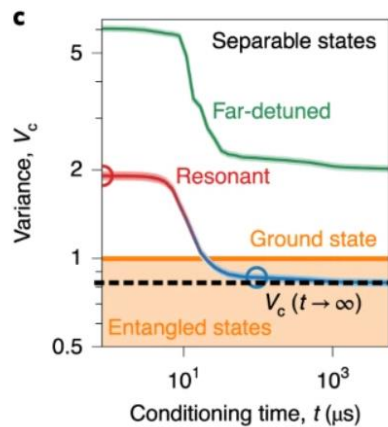
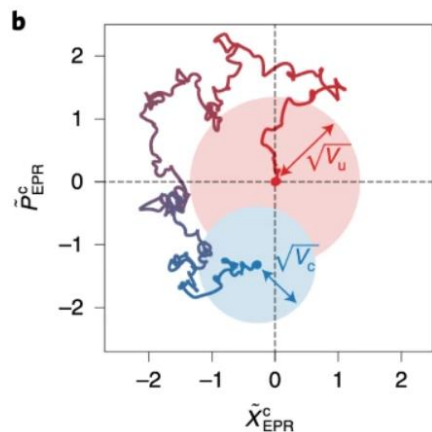
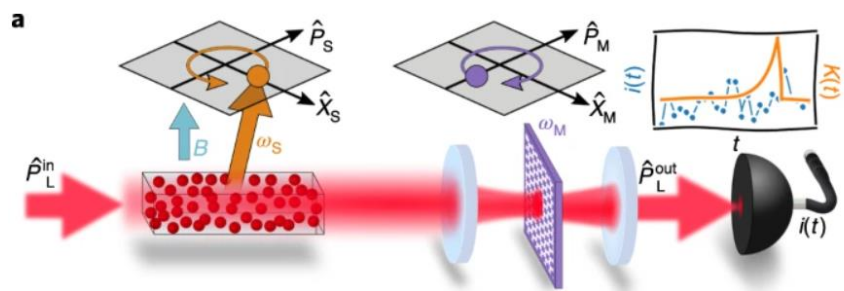
$$\hat{P}_L^{\text{out}} = \hat{P}_L^{\text{in}'} + \sqrt{\eta} \left(\sqrt{\Gamma_M} \hat{X}_M - \sqrt{\nu \Gamma_S} \hat{X}_S \right)$$

$$\approx \hat{P}_L^{\text{in}'} + \sqrt{\eta} \left(-\sqrt{\nu} \left[\frac{\chi_S}{\chi_{S0}} \Gamma_M \chi_M + \frac{\chi_M}{\chi_{M0}} \Gamma_S \chi_S \right] 2\hat{X}_{L,S}^{\text{in}} \right.$$

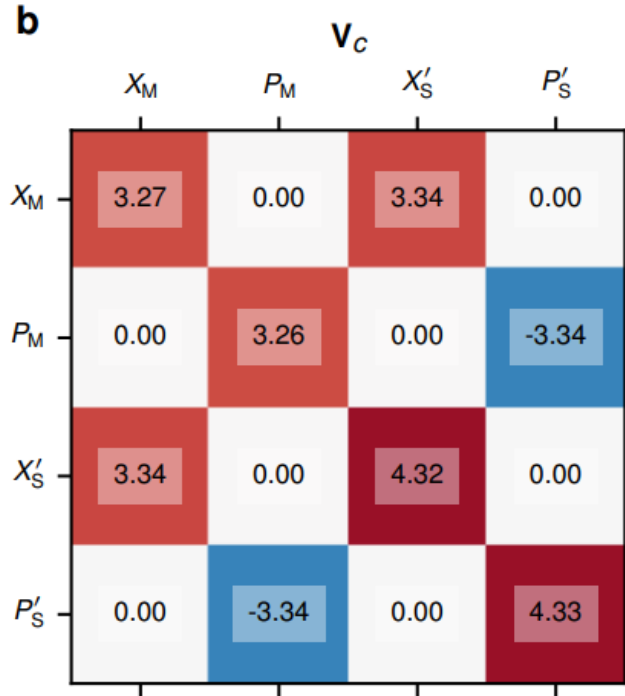
$$\left. + \sqrt{\Gamma_M} \chi_M [\hat{F}_M + \sqrt{(1-\nu)\Gamma_M} 2\hat{X}_{L,\nu}] - \frac{\chi_M}{\chi_{MS}} \sqrt{\nu \Gamma_S} \chi_S \hat{F}_S \right),$$



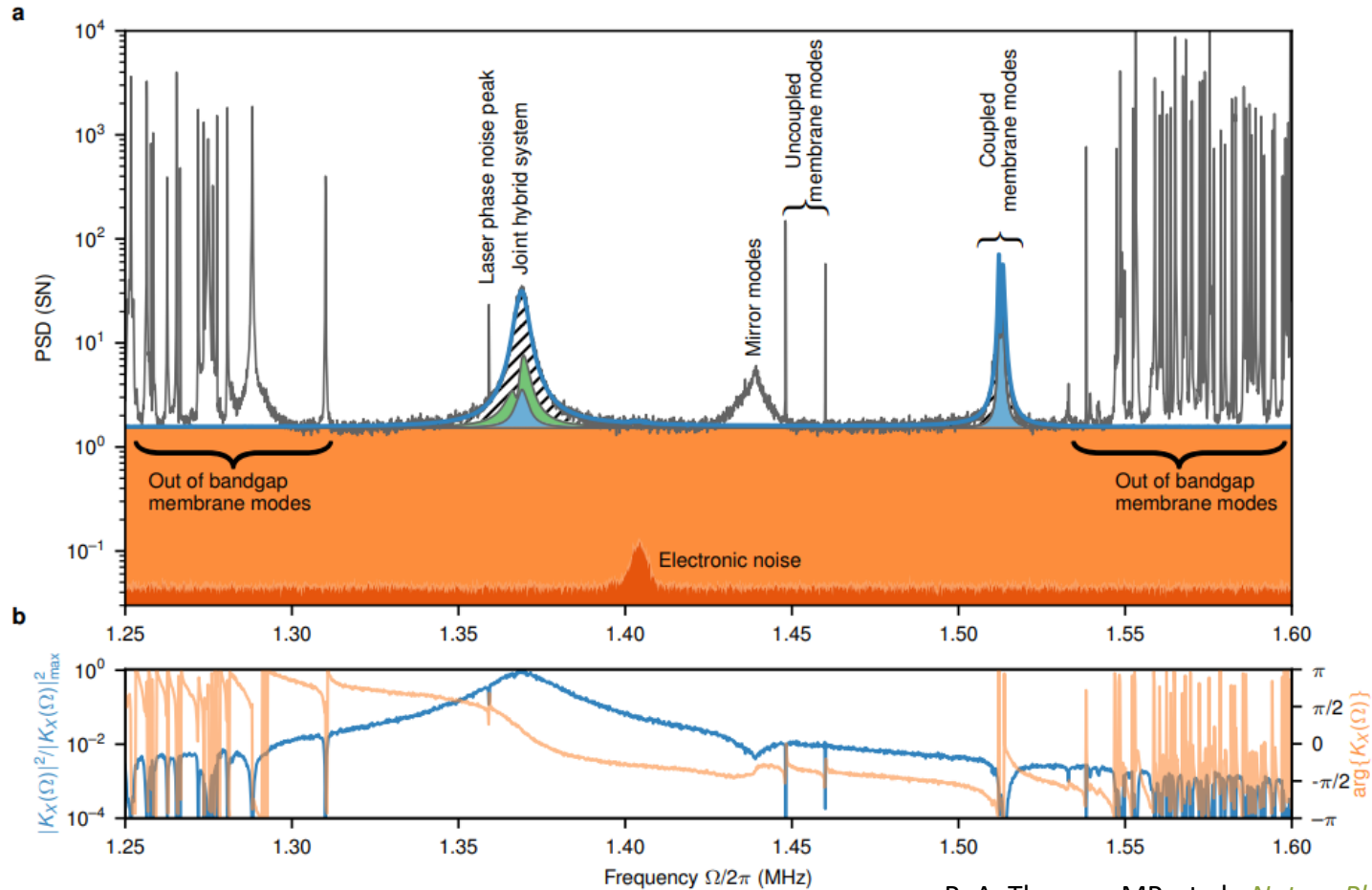
Final result



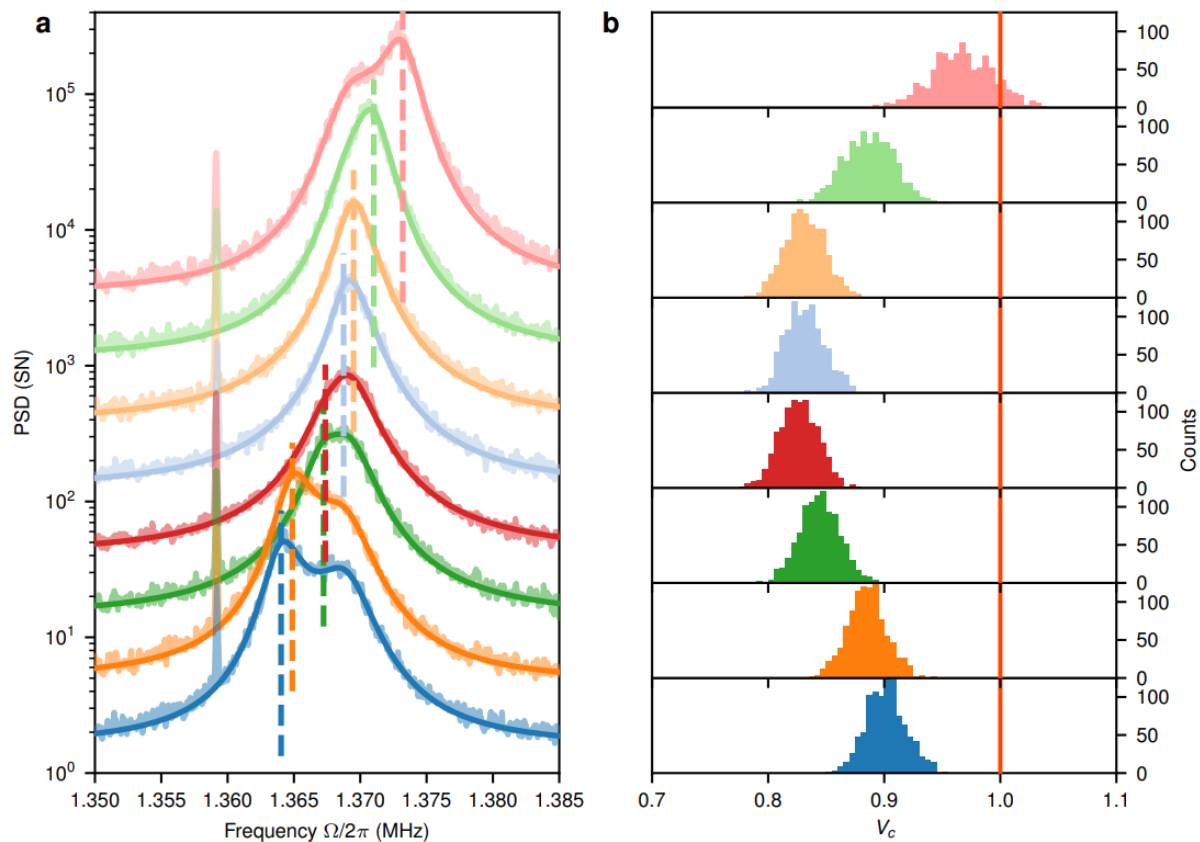
Covariance



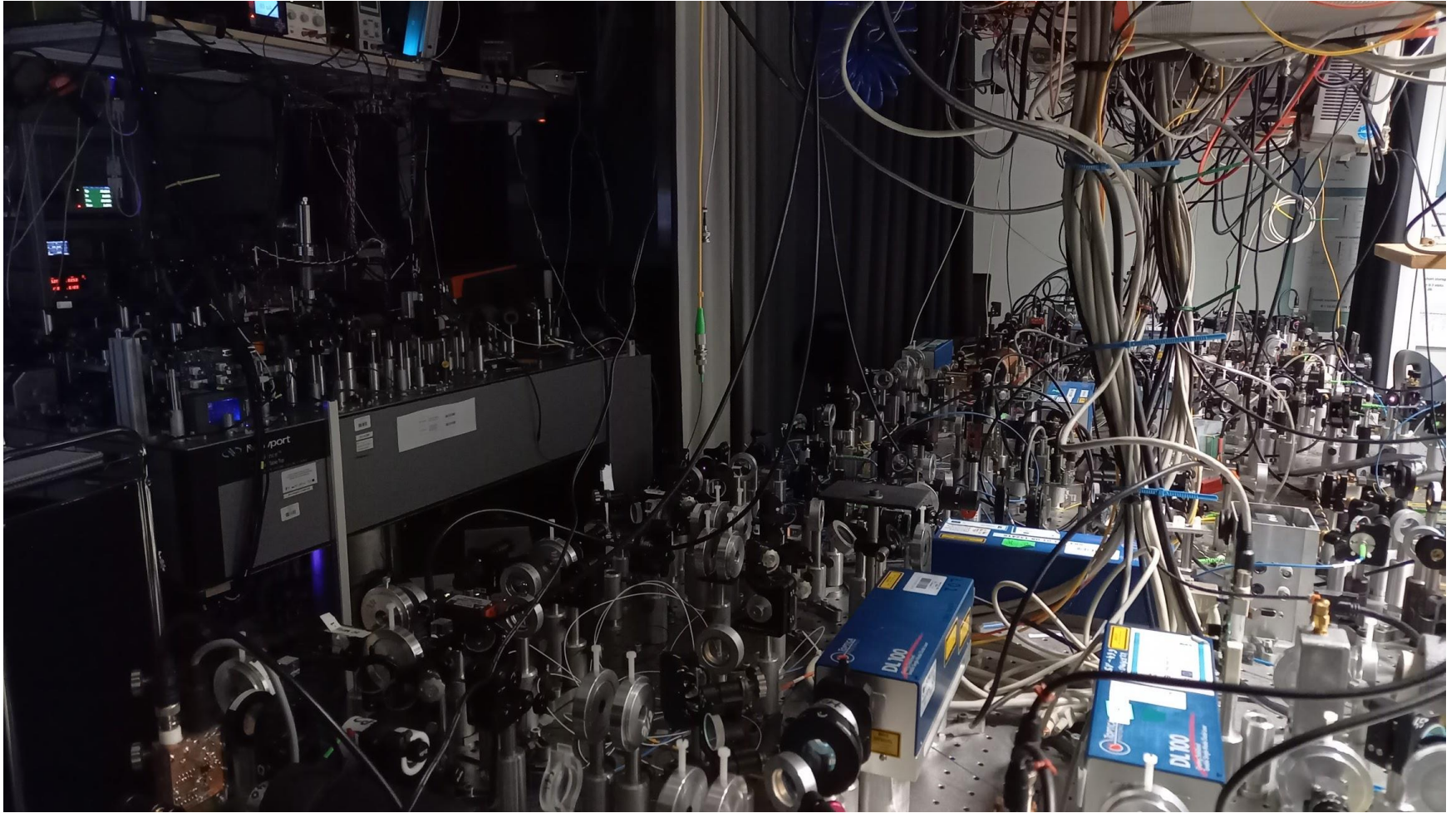
Filtering technicalities



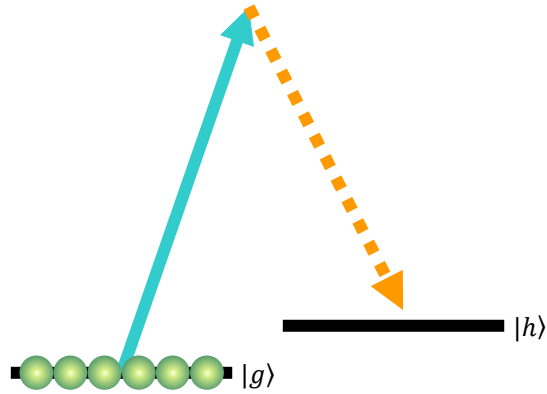
Calibrations and uncertainties



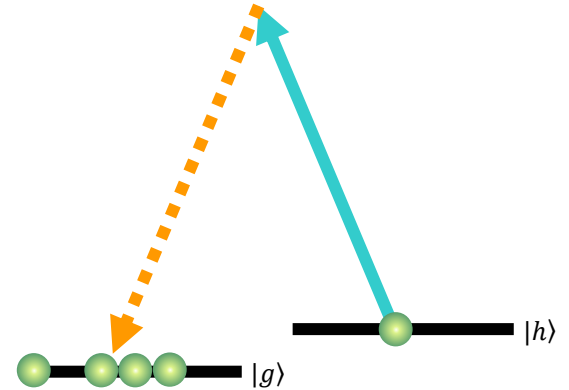
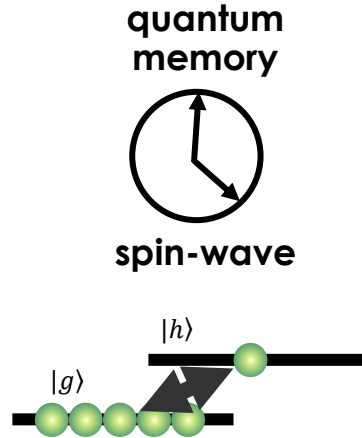
Centre for Quantum Optical Technologies



Raman interface



two-mode squeezed state
creation via off-resonant
Raman scattering



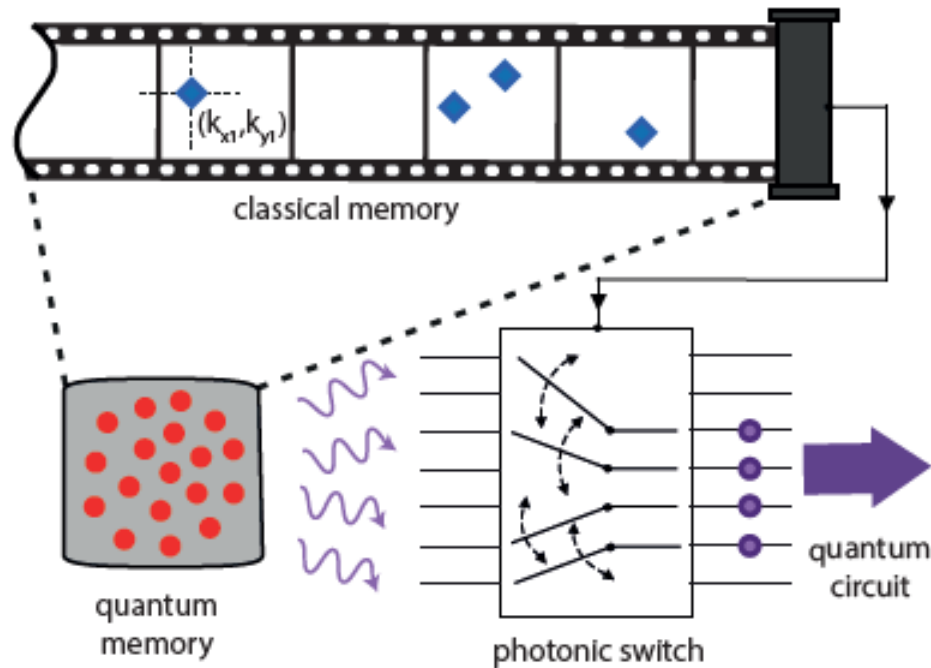
readout stage after storage time
results in **annihilation of spin-wave**

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \left(e^{i\mathbf{K}\cdot\mathbf{r}_1} \left| \begin{array}{c} \star \\ \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \end{array} \right\rangle + e^{i\mathbf{K}\cdot\mathbf{r}_2} \left| \begin{array}{c} \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \\ \star \end{array} \right\rangle + e^{i\mathbf{K}\cdot\mathbf{r}_3} \left| \begin{array}{c} \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \\ \bullet \star \end{array} \right\rangle + \dots \right)$$

● $|g\rangle$

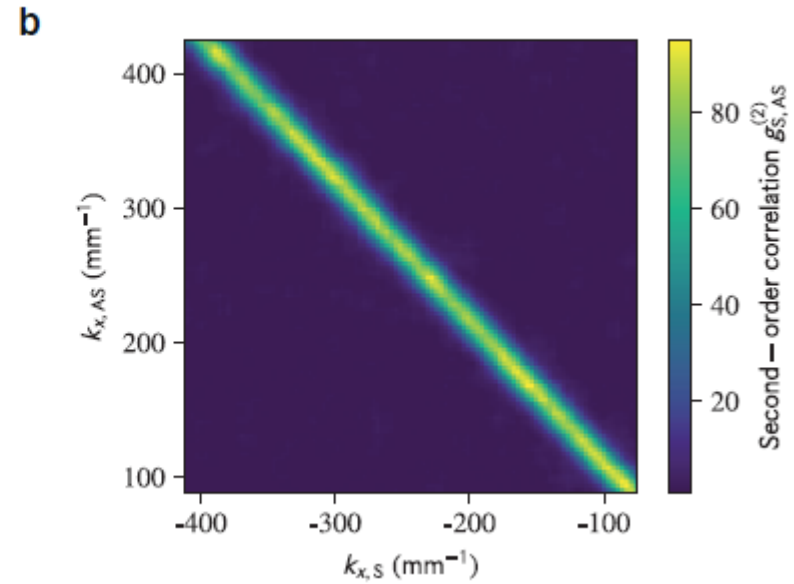
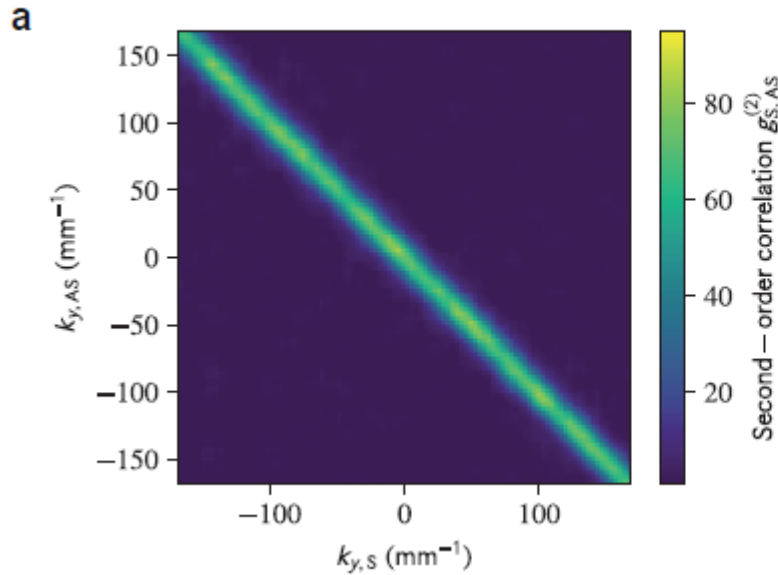
★ $|h\rangle$

Deterministic single and multi-photons



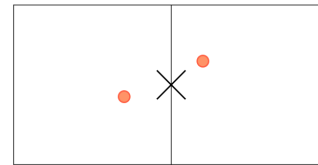
MP, M. Dąbrowski, M. Mazelanik, A. Leszczyński, M. Lipka, W. Wasilewski, Nat. Commun **8**, 2140 (2017)

Photon number correlations

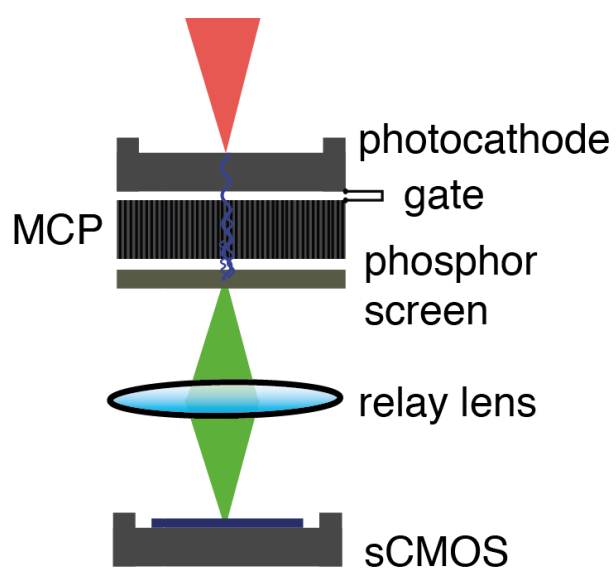


non-classical correlations

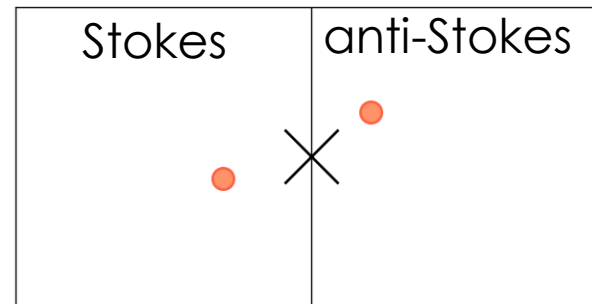
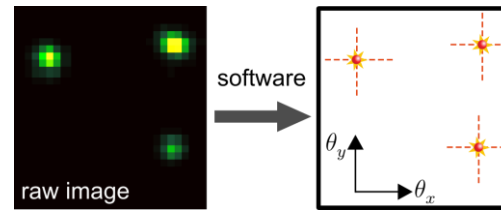
$$g^{(2)} = \frac{\langle n_S n_{AS} \rangle}{\langle n_S \rangle \langle n_{AS} \rangle} = 72 \pm 5 \gg 2$$



I-sCMOS camera



real-time image processing



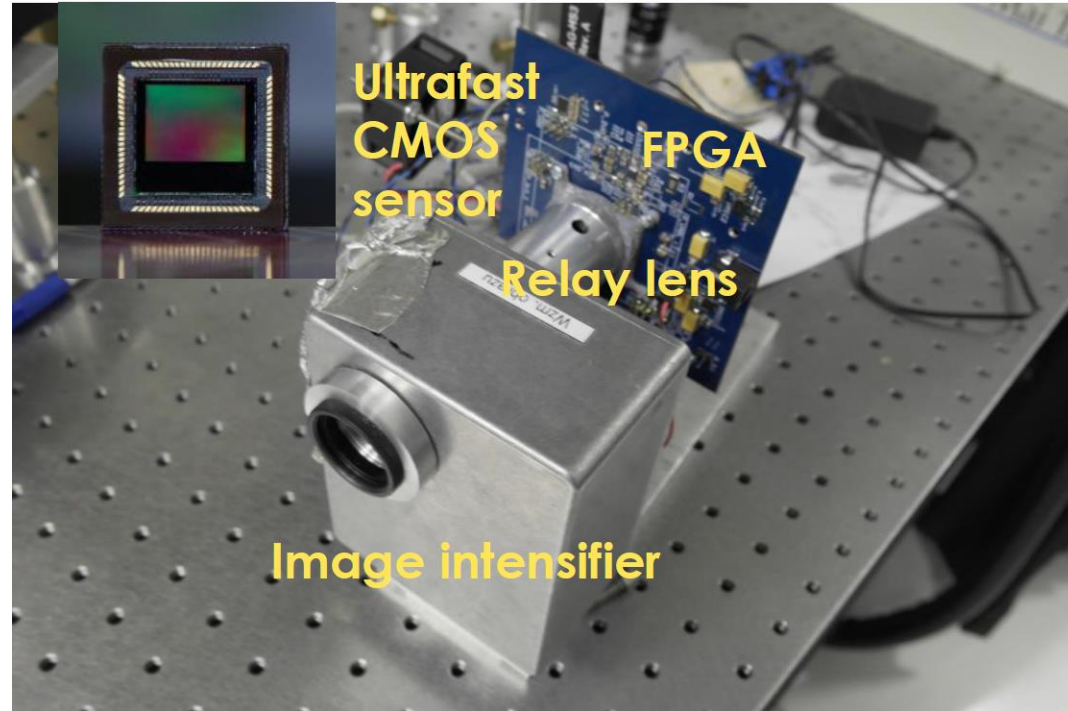
MP, M. Dąbrowski, M. Mazelanik, A. Leszczyński, M. Lipka, W. Wasilewski, Nat. Commun. **8**, 2140 (2017)

New system

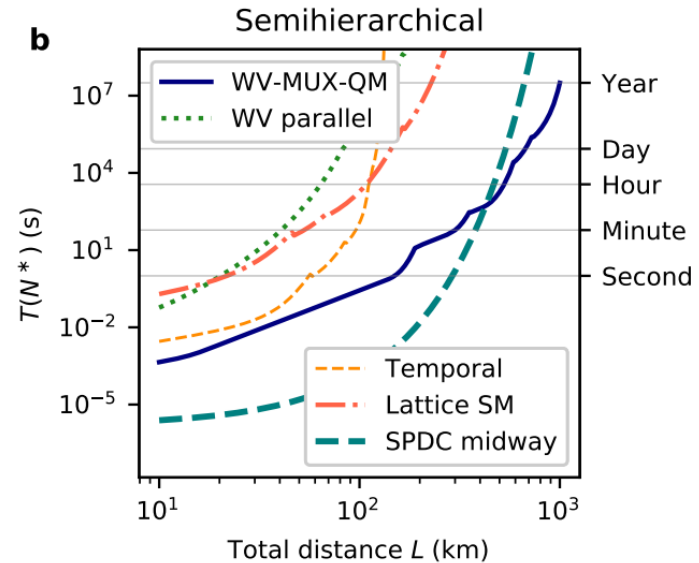
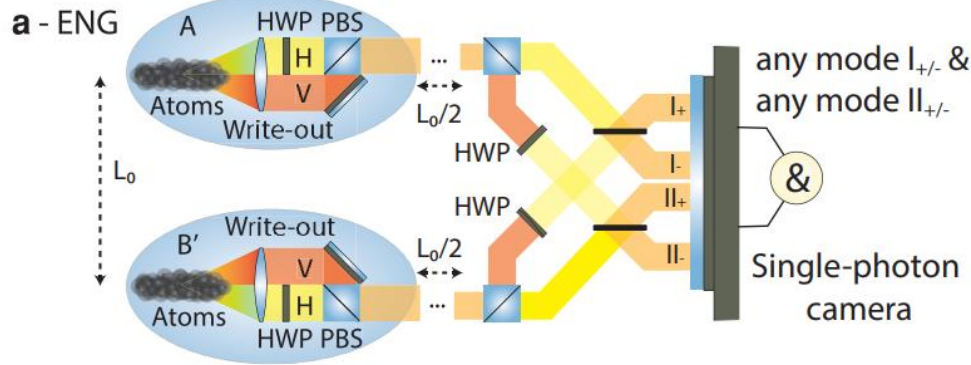
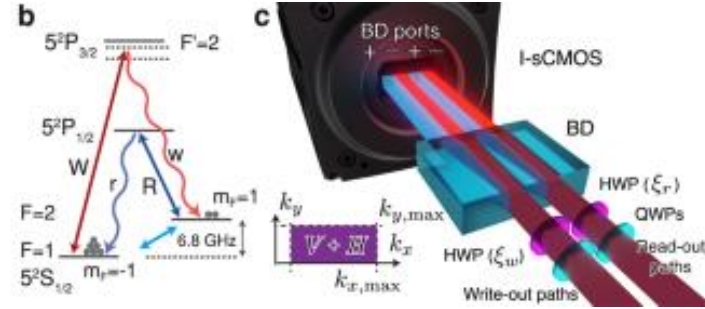
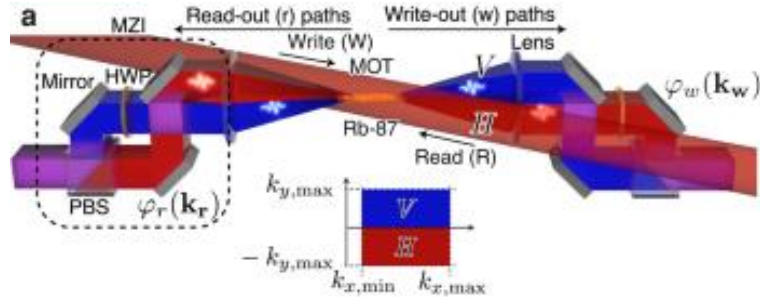
Custom FPGA data processing

New custom high-voltage gating module

Now 100.000 frames per second, **~10 microseconds from detection to information**



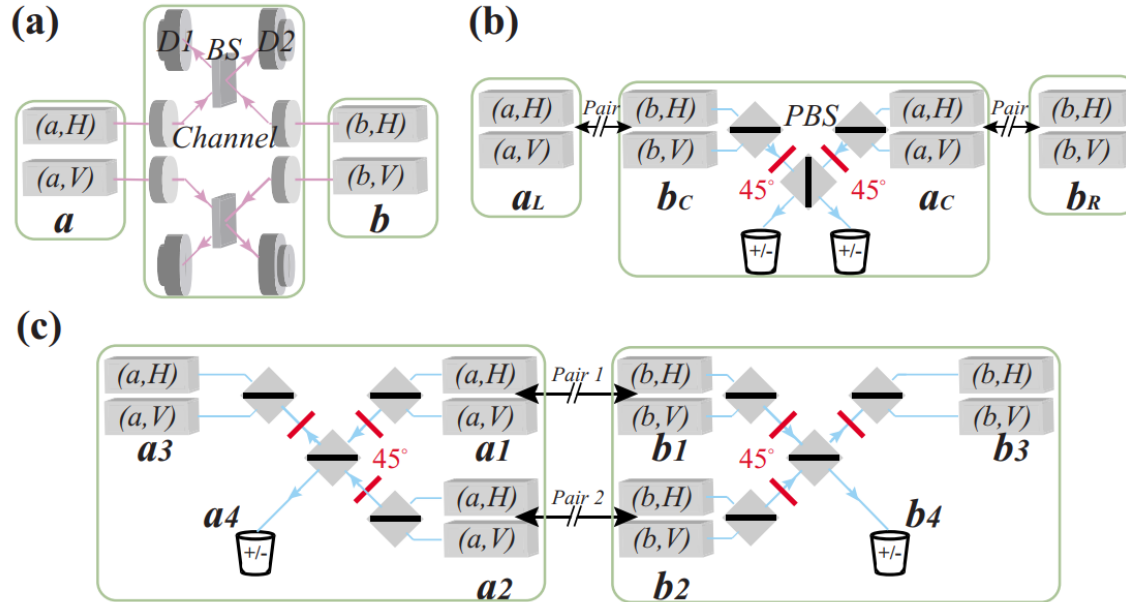
Many Bell states for multiplexed quantum repeaters



Communications Physics **4**, 46 (2021)

& New J. Phys. **23**, 053012 (2021)

Quantum repeater



PHYSICAL REVIEW A 76, 012301 (2007)

Fast and robust approach to long-distance quantum communication with atomic ensembles

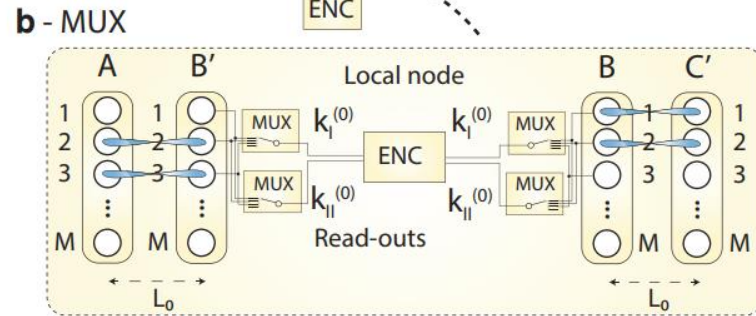
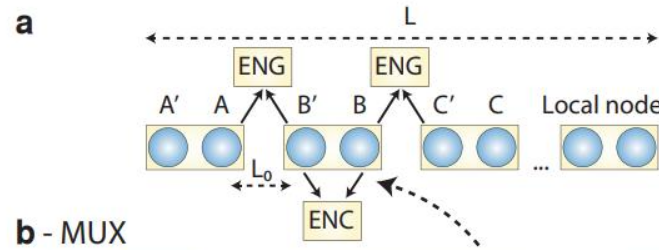
L. Jiang,¹ J. M. Taylor,^{1,2} and M. D. Lukin¹

¹Department of Physics, Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138, USA

²Department of Physics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02139, USA

(Received 27 November 2006; revised manuscript received 3 April 2007; published 2 July 2007)

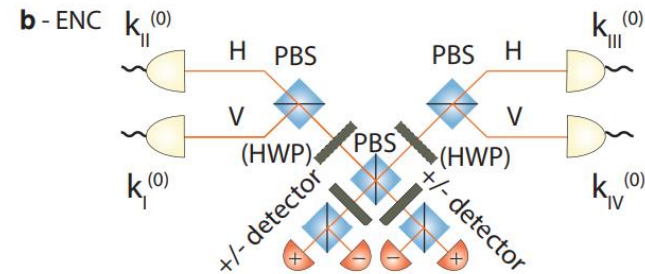
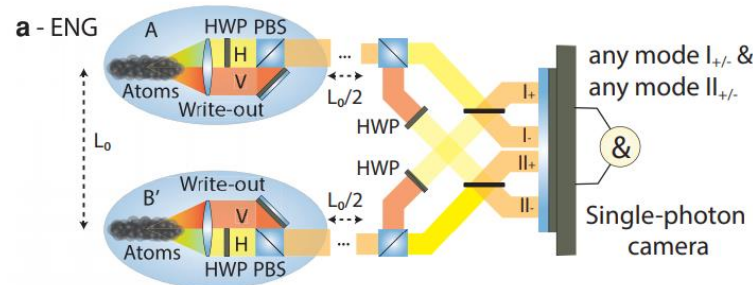
Quantum repeater with multiplexing



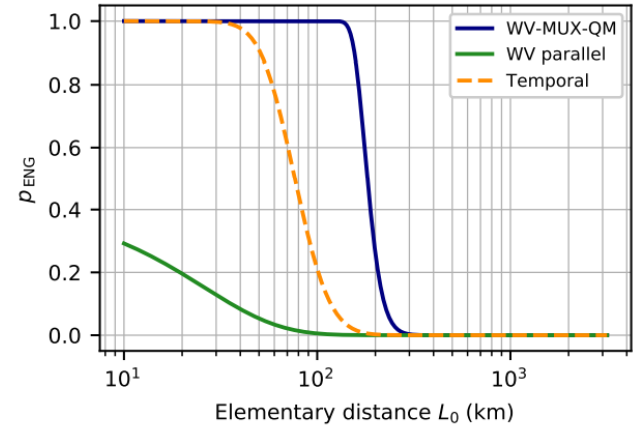
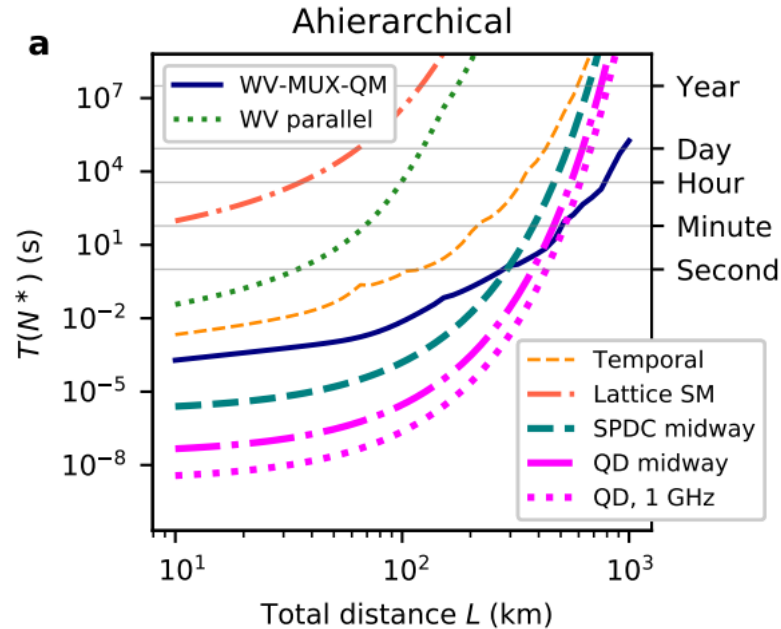
Communications Physics **4**, 46 (2021)
& New J. Phys. **23**, 053012 (2021)

$$p_g^{(\text{parallel})} = 1 - (1 - p_1)^M.$$

$$p_g = 1 - (1 - p_1)^{M^2}.$$

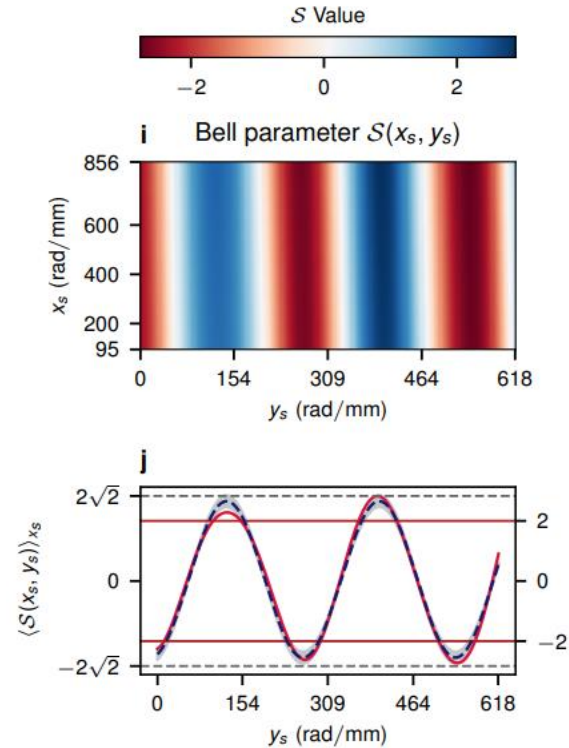
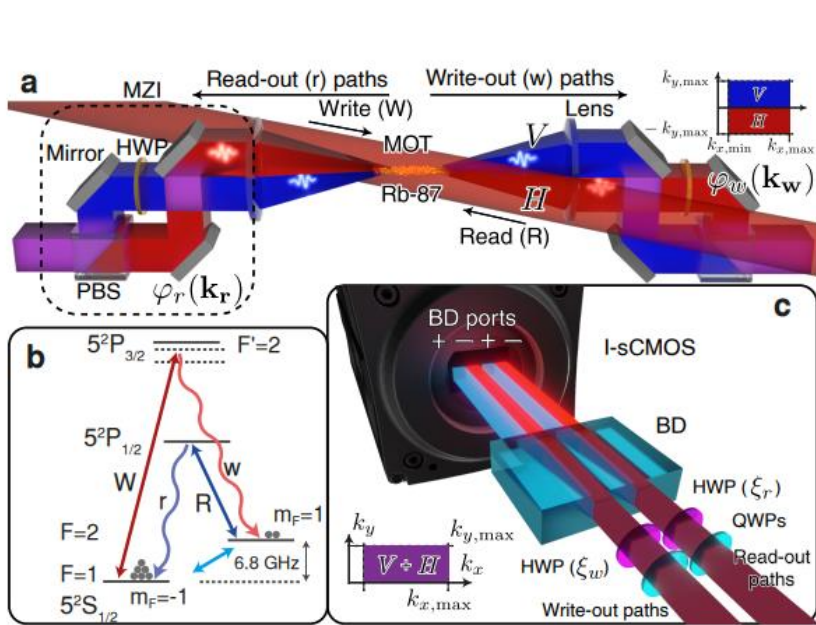


Performance of the quantum repeater



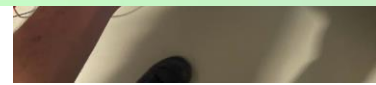
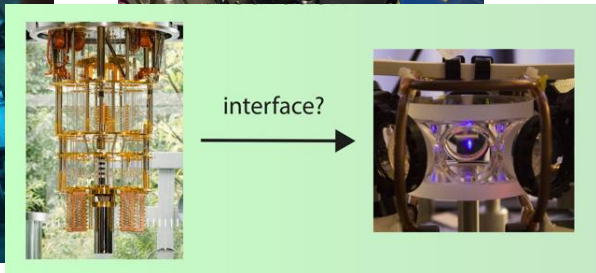
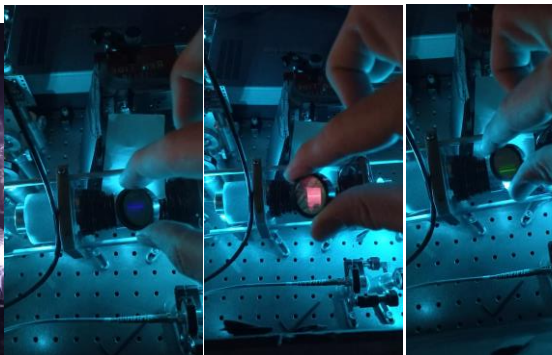
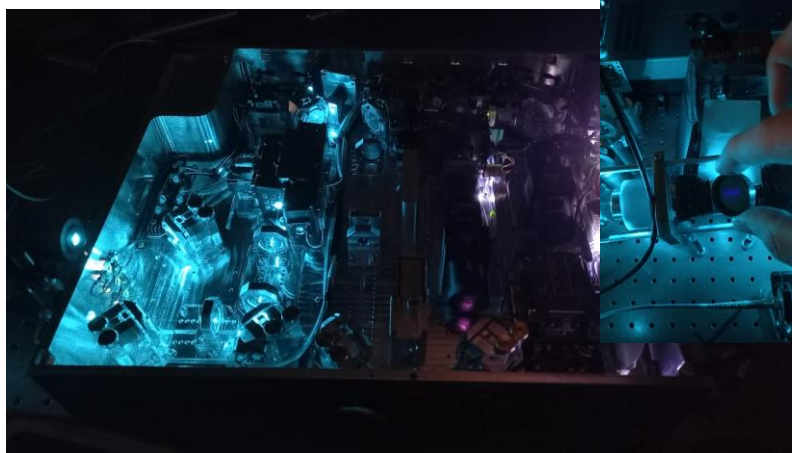
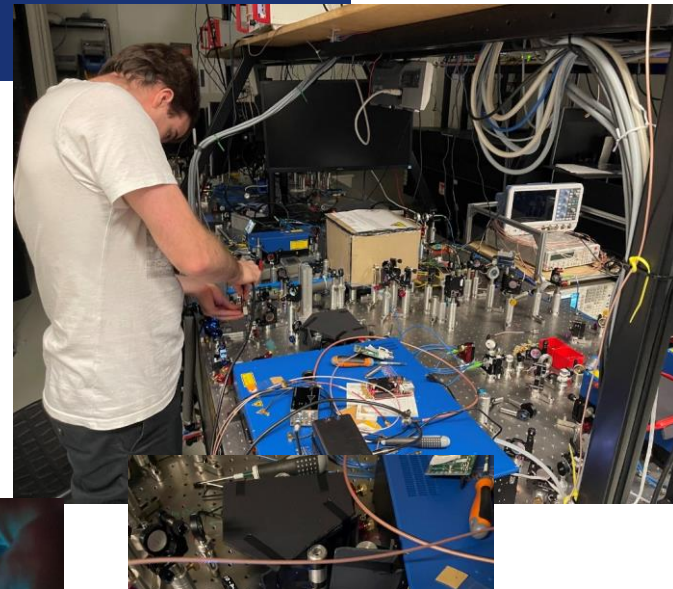
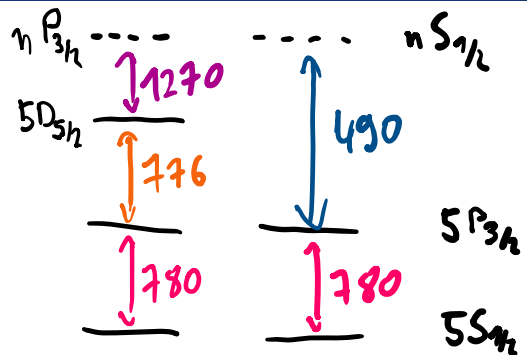
Communications Physics **4**, 46 (2021)
& New J. Phys. **23**, 053012 (2021)

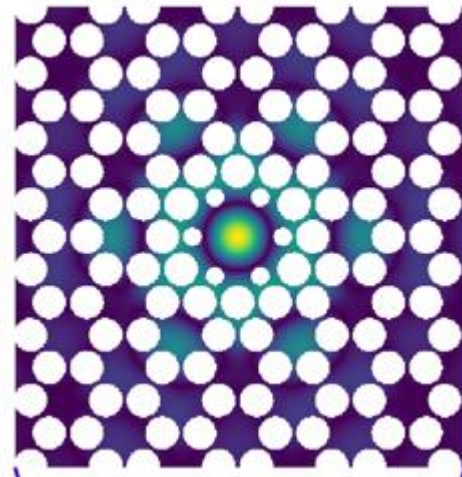
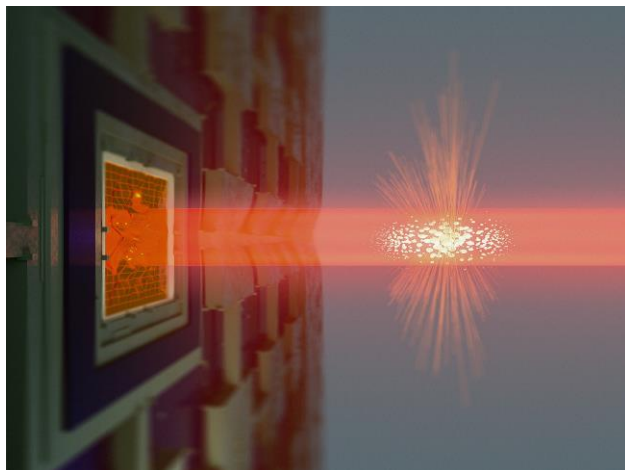
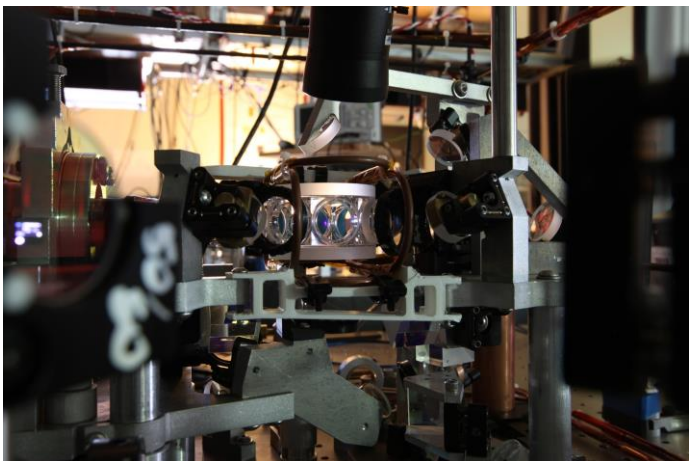
Towards experimental repeater



Communications Physics **4**, 46 (2021)
& New J. Phys. **23**, 053012 (2021)

New Rydberg experiment





Hybrid Project:

Rodrigo Thomas, Christoffer Østfeldt, Christian Bærntsen, Christoffer Møller, Jürgen Appel

Theory with: Emil Zeuthen

Membranes:

Yeghishe Tsaturyan, Albert Schliesser

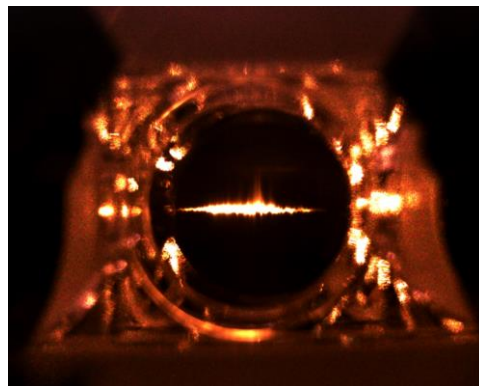
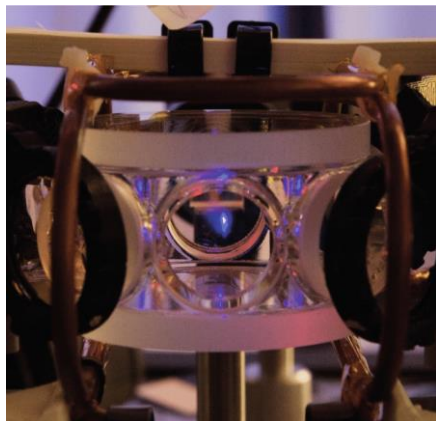
Lead: Eugene S. Polzik



VILLUM FONDEN



Thank You



Students:

Uliana Pylypenko, Marcin Jastrzębski,
Stanisław Kurzyna, Bartosz Niewelt,
Pavel Halavach, Jan Nowosielski,
Krzysztof Lasocki, Jan Ciepielewski

Senior collaborators:

Wojciech Wasilewski
Konrad Banaszek
Rafał Demkowicz-Dobrzański

PhD students:

Michał Lipka
Mateusz Mazelanik
Sebastian Borówka
Adam Leszczyński (graduated)

Engineering support:

Tomasz Kowalczyk

The "Quantum Optical Technologies" project (Project No. MAB/2018/4) is carried out within the International Research Agendas programme of the Foundation for Polish Science co-financed by the European Union under the European Regional Development Fund.